Caledonian Mercury.

No. 12,048. EDINBURGH, PRINTED BY ROBERT ALLAN, MONDAY, DECEMBER 10. 1798. PRICE SIXPENCE.

IN THE PRESS,

And will be published as soon as possible,

MILITARY AND DOMESTIC SURGERY,

IN QUARTO,

With Drawings, of Instruments, Operations, and Diseases,

By JOHN BELL, Surgeon.

Edinburgh, printed by MUNDELL and SON, for Cadell and Davies, London.

STATISTICAL ACCOUNT OF SCOTLAND.

This Day is published,

BY WILLIAM CREECH,

Illustrated by Tables, Maps, and Engravings,

THE TWENTIETH AND LAST VOLUME

OF THE

STATISTICAL ACCOUNT OF SCOTLAND;

Drawn up from the Communications of the Ministers of the different parishes, and others.

By Sir JOHN SINCLAIR, Bart.

This interesting and useful Work is now completed, as there is not a SINGE PARISH in the kingdom omitted.

There will sometime hence be given a Volume, containing a general and particular index to the whole Work, with such additions, corrections, or alterations, as may have occurred.

It is requested that gentlemen would immediately complete their sets, as, in a short time it will be impossible to do so, the orders from parishes and boroughs for complete sets being numerous.

An Elegant and Useful Publication for the Fair Sex, adapted for Families and Boarding Schools

This Day is Published, and sold by

E. Balfour, Alex. Guthrie, J. Symington, Manners and Miller, and Alex. Mackay, Edinburgh; and J. Mundell, College Glasgow, Price 1s. 2d. by the Mail Coach,

NUMBER VI.——for December 1798,

(Ornamented with a beautiful Plate, engraved by Taylor, and designed by Thurston; and four beautiful coloured Figures in the most Fashionable Dresses)

OF THE LADY'S MONTHLY MUSEUM, OR POLITE REPOSITORY OF AMUSEMENT AND INSTRUCTION.

Being an Assemblage of whatever can tend to please the fancy, interest the mind, or exalt the character of the British Fair.

By a SOCIETY of LADIES.

London, printed for Vernor and Hood, in the Poultry, and sold in Edinburgh, by Mundell and Son, Parliament Stairs.

Where may be had,

The MONTHLY MIRROR, for November, reflecting Men and Manners, with Strictures on their Epitome the Stage —Price 1s. 2d. by the Mail Coach.

TO BE SOLD,

TWO BAY MARES, one of them about 15 hands high, rising six years old, remarkably active, trots very fast, and would carry a light weight exceedingly well.

The other is a good deal stronger, and is eight years old.—They are parted with for no fault—the gentleman they belong to is going abroad.

Enquire at No. 34, North Hanover Street.

Not to be repeated.

CHINA ORANGES.

Just arrived in the Jean, William Hopkins master, from Lisbon, after a fine passage,

ONE HUNDRED CHESTS of CHINA ORANGES.—Apply to Charles Cowan and Co. Leith,

Who have also for Sale,

Muscatell & Sun Raisins, Curants, Turkey Figs, Valentia Almonds

Real Malt Whisky—

And an excellent Assortment of Gloster, Dunlap, and North Country Cheeses.——Also, daily expected, a considerable quantity of fine Cheshire Cheeses, and a few tons of Suffolk Cheeses, —Teas, Foreign Spirits, Wines, and Groceries of every kind.

LEITH, Dec. 7. 1798.

PLATED GOODS, &c. TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION.

ALEXANDER HENDERSON, Goldsmith, Nicholson's Street, having given up his Sale Shop, in order to confine himself entirely to the Working Branch, has resolved to dispose of his Remaining STOCK by auction, in that Ware-room, lately possessed by Mr Watlin, Music-seller, North Bridge, and to commence on Wednesday next the 12th of December, from 10 o'clock forenoon, to 4 in the afternoon, and to continue till all is sold off.

In this Stock there are a variety of Articles, well worth the attention of the Public, such as a number of Plated Table Candlesticks and Branches, in excellent order, Bracket Candlesticks, Cruet Frames, Tea Vazes, and a number of other Articles, which will be sold off without reserve, remarkably cheap.

REWARD OF TWENTY GUINEAS.

WILLIAM BROWN, Prisoner in the Tolbooth of Inverary, under sentence of transportation for Theft, made his escape from thence on the night of Wednesday, 21st November last.

He is about thirty-five years of age, five feet eight inches or thereby in height, very square and stout made, fair complexion, fair hair, which he wears tied, a high aquiline nose, and thick lips; two of his upper front teeth project a little, and he speaks thick. He had on a drab-coloured great coat, and a brown lappelled body coat, with yellow metal buttons, striped vest, and corduroy breeches;—is a native of Dumfries-shire, but for these last two or three years has resided in the Island of Bute, and was by trade a house carpenter.—As he was in irons when he made his escape, it is probable his legs will bear the marks of them.

Any person apprehending the said William Brown will receive a Reward of TWENTY GUINEAS, upon application to the Magistrates of Inverary, or the agent for the Crown at Edinburgh.

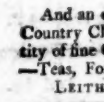
BRITISH NAVY

December 4. 1798.

SUBSCRIPTIONS continued for the Relief of the Sufferers in Admiral Lord NELSON's Fleet on the 1st August 1798.

Sum formerly subscribed,	L.686	14 4
Mrs Cuming, Queen's Street, - -	5	0 0
Lord Glenlee, - - - -	3	3 0
John Home, Esq. writer to the signet, -	2	2 0
Mr George Marshall, merchant, Dundee, -	1	1 0
Lord Dunsinnan, - - -	3	3 0
The Society of Solicitors at Law, - -	10	10 0
	L.711	13 4

N. B. It is intreated of those who are still inclined to subscribe for the relief of the Relatives of those Brave Men who have fallen in their Country's cause, will come speedily forward, either at the Merchants Hall, where attendance is given from Eleven to Three o'clock, or at the Banks and Banking Houses, as the subscriptions will soon be closed.



A FREIGHT TO LEGHORN OR NAPLES

Wanted to Freight,

A Ship of 150 to 200 Tons.

APPLY TO

Mr DAVID OGILVY, Leith.

AT LEITH,

For Martha Brae and Montego Bay, Jamaica,

THE NEW SHIP ROSELLE,

DAVID GOURLEY Master,

Will be ready to take in goods by the 1st December, and sail 1st January, with or without convoy.

For freight or passage, apply to WILLIAM SIBBALD & Co. Leith, or Capt. Gourley.

The Roselle is provided with letters of marque, well armed, sails fast, copper-bottom'd, and has good accommodation for passengers.

Tradesmen, Clerks, and those bred to husbandry and country work, will meet with good encouragement, by applying as above.

LAND TAX ACT.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be had of ROBERT JACK, front of the Royal Exchange, price one shilling.

OBSERVATIONS upon the Act for the Redemption of the LAND TAX, shewing the benefits likely to arise from the measure, both to the public and individuals, with practical remarks upon the detail of the act, from which will be seen the facility with which it may be carried into execution, and the particular means offered to persons possessing every kind of estate of taking advantage of it.

Of ROBERT JACK, as above, may be had, the Land Tax Act, price 1s. 7d. Mundell's Analysis of do. as applicable to Scotland, price 1s. Lovers vows, a play in five acts, from the German, by Mrs Inchbald, price 2s. 4d. Army List for December 1s. 2d. Navy List for do. 8d.

All the periodical publications of the season, viz. Court Kalendars, Court and City-Registers, do. with Rider's Almanacks, Companions, Arms of the Peers, &c. Ladies and Gentlemen's Memorandum Books, Polite Repositories, Souvenirs, Pocket Atlasses, &c. &c. in cases and various bindings; Wing's sheet Almanack, small London Almanack, Moore's Almanack, Patridge's do. Trussler's do. Golsmith's do. East India Kalendar, &c. &c.

House-keeprs Books, Butlers Books, &c.

☞ A great variety of Writing Papers very best quality; drawing papers from 3d. to 3s. per sheet, of whatever manufacture, superior to any in general offered for sale in this country.

RENFREWSHIRE LAND TAX.

THE COMMISSIONERS for the SALE of the LAND TAX for the County of RENFREW hereby give notice, That they are ready to Contract for the Sale of the Land Tax with such Proprietors as have procured Certificates under the hands of two Commissioners of Supply of their valuation, and the cess they pay. For this purpose Contracts are now made out, and will be executed by them on every Monday until the 25th instant.

They also give notice to proprietors who pay cess to the extent of 1l. 5s. Sterling, a sum payable to the Crown allocate on 96l. Scots valuation, and all proprietors below that valuation, that ROBERT FULTON, Esq of Hartfield, and DAVID HUTCHESON, writer in Paisley, have, at their request, agreed to act as Trustees, for the purpose of redeeming the Land Tax, for such proprietors, according to a plan made out at the sight of the Commissioners, which is printed, and by their order distributed over the County. For which purpose copies of it are sent to the Magistrates of Paisley, Renfrew, Greenock, and Port-Glasgow, and to the different Ministers and Schoolmasters of the other parishes; at all which places, and at the County-hall, Paisley, copies of the plan may be had gratis.

The trust-deed to be executed by proprietors, rated at no more that 96l. valuation, as may be desirous of redeeming their Land Tax, is in the hands of the said David Hutcheson.

JOHN CONNELL.
G. OSWALD.
GEORGE HOUSTOUN.
ARCHo. CAMPBELL.
DAVID COLQUHOUN.

Paisley, Dec. 3. 1798.

DUMBARTON-SHIRE LAND TAX.

THE COMMISSIONERS for the SALE of the LAND TAX in the county of Dumbarton, having met this day, in pursuance of the act 38th of the King, cap. 60. do hereby give notice, That they will hold their future Meetings at Burnside's, in the village of Old Kilpatrick, upon Monday the 26th of November current, Monday the 10th, and Monday the 24th of December next, at mid-day; and upon the intermediate Mondays, being Monday the 3d, and Monday the 17th of December, two Commissioners will attend at the Tontine in Glasgow, at twelve o'clock, when offers by persons entitled to preference, intending to contract for their Land Tax will be received, viz. All persons who are in the actual possession of, or immediately entitled to the rents and profits of the lands charged with the Land Tax; and which preference continues to the 25th of December next, from which time to the 25th of March next, heirs of entail, and others entitled to the reversion of estates, will have the like preference—after which time all persons whatever may purchase Land Tax not then sold or redeemed.

The Commissioners having appointed Neil and Alexander Campbell, writers in Dumbarton, their clerks, they will furnish intending purchasers with schedules, and give the proper information how to proceed in purchasing the land-tax in said county.

J. DENNISTOUN,
H. GLASSFORD, } Commissioners.
J. HAMILTON,

DUMBARTON, Nov. 15. 1798. ALEX. CAMPBELL, Clerk.

COUNTY OF AYR LAND TAX.

WE, the Commissioners, in pursuance of the Act of the 38th of George the Third, cap. 60. for the Redemption and Purchase of the LAND TAX of this County, do hereby give notice, That we will hold a Meeting on Tuesday the 20th November current, at eleven o'clock forenoon, within our office, at the house of William Stewart, jun. merchant in Ayr, and at the same place and hour every Tuesday following till the 25th December next.

And we give intimation to all persons entitled to such preference, who are desirous of redeeming their Land Tax, usually called the King's Cess, that they will, without delay, produce to the said William Stewart, our Clerk, a schedule or description in writing of their properties, the Land Tax of which they propose to redeem, and two of the Commissioners of Supply will grant a certificate of such Land Tax; and which schedule or certificate, accompanied with a signed offer by a Heritor, or his agent, for such redemption, and evidence of their title, will fall to be lodged with the said William Stewart, and that either on or before the 20th November current, or any of the other days hereby appointed, that the contracts directed by the act may be entered into on or before the said 25th of December next.

The offers will be considered in the order they are lodged with the Clerk, so that Heritors should not delay giving them in.

And where they decline redeeming by a writ under their hand, then the persons in remainder are entitled to the next preference, either before the said 25th of December next, or down to the 25th of March 1799, agreeable to the act, they applying and producing the like evidence with Heritors.

We also give intimation to all persons entitled to a preference, and to persons in remainder where a preference is declined, whose Land Tax does not exceed twenty-five shillings Sterling annually, that they are entitled, betwixt and the 25th of December next, to redeem by a joint trustee, who falls to produce schedules, certificates, and offers, in like manner as those whose Land Tax exceeds that sum.

Persons wishing for further information may apply to the Commissioners or their Clerk.

ED. M'CORMICK.
HUGH HAMILTON.
ROBERT MORRICE.
RICHD. CAMPBELL.

Nov. 16. 1798.

SALE OF LAND TAX IN KINCARDINE SHIRE.

HIS Majesty's Commissioners for the Sale of the LAND TAX in Kincardine Shire, meet at Stonehaven on Saturday the eight, and at Inverbervie, within the house of James Wynnass vintner, on Saturday the 15th current, by eleven o'clock forenoon; and proprietors intending to reclaim their Land Tax, are requested without delay, to lodge schedules or descriptions of their lands, and certificates from two Commissioners of Supply of the amount of the Land Tax charged upon their different properties in terms of the act of Parliament, with John Burnett writer in Stonehaven, clerk to the Commissioners, that the contracts may be entered into on or before the 25th of December curt. till which period the Commissioners will hold occasional meetings at short intervals, of which notice will be given.——By order of the Commissioners,

JOHN BURNETT Clerk.

N. B. Proprietors intending to lodge schedules and certificates with a view to the purchase of their Land Tax, may simply give notice of their intention, mentioning the parishes in which their lands lie to the said John Burnett, who will make out, and procure the same for them, and will furnish them with any information they may desire on the subject.

On Wednesday will be published,

Printed on a Superfine Demy Paper,

THE UNIVERSAL SCOTS ALMANACK,

For M,DCC,XCIX.

CONTAINING

A Correct Kalendar, and very Copious Lists.

Orders, accompanied with Cash, addressed to R. ALLAN, the Publisher, at the MERCURY PRINTING-OFFICE, will be duly attended to.

Booksellers in the West Country will be supplied by Messrs. J. and M. ROBERTSON, Glasgow.

The following cheap and valuable Work is earnestly recommended to all Christians and Christian Families as an important and instructive Companion for the approaching Season of Christmas. Also as a valuable Christmas Present for those who wish to inculcate the Knowledge of Christian Virtues and true Religion, as taught by our BLESSED REDEEMER.

Embellished with Thirty Engravings, representing the most interesting Subjects related in this Divine History.

THE REV. DR FLEETWOOD's LIFE OF CHRIST.

Completed in 25 Numbers only, Price 6d. each.

Every one of which contains Twenty Pages of Letter-press, accompanied with One, and some of them with Two Engravings, being more than is given in any work of the kind.

The whole of this Work being printed off, may be had complete;—but as many persons may prefer taking it in the progressive way of a Number once a week, we have, for this purpose, commenced a re-publication—therefore

This Day is Published—No. I—*Price only Sixpence,*

Elegantly printed on a large new Letter, and fine Paper, in large Quarto, being by far the most convenient size for the use of Families, and adorned with the following Engravings:—A FRONTISPIECE, representing the *Nativity*; also a PLAN of the City of JERUSALEM, with the situation of Solomon's Temple, &c.

And, on Saturday next will be Published—No. II.

(The succeeding Numbers to be continued weekly) Of the

LIFE OF OUR BLESSED LORD AND SAVIOUR

JESUS CHRIST.

Containing the History of every Transaction in the Life of the GREAT REDEEMER OF MANKIND,

From the time of his taking upon himself our sinful Nature to his Crucifixion, Resurrection from the Dead, and glorious Ascension into Heaven.

Particularly his Genealogy, Incarnation, Preservation, Circumcision, Presentation, Divine Mission, Baptism, Fasting, Temptation, Ministry, Sufferings, Doctrine, Calling the Apostles, Miracles, Parables, Charity, Meekness, Transfiguration, Passion, Institution of the Sacrament, Crucifixion, Burial, Resurrection, Appearance, and Ascension.

Together with the LIVES, TRANSACTIONS, and SUFFERINGS of his HOLY

EVANGILISTS, APOSTLES, DISCIPLES,

And other PRIMITIVE MARTYRS,

Who have sealed the great Truths of Christianity with their Blood—particularly

St Matthew,	St Andrew,	St Simeon,
St Mark,	St James the Great,	St Jude,
St Luke,	St Philip,	St Matthias,
St John,	St Bartholomew,	St Barnabas,
St Peter,	St Thomas,	St Stephen, &c.
St Paul,	St James the Less,	

Including the Transactions of JOHN the BAPTIST, the great Forerunner of the MESSIAH. As also the

LIFE OF THE BLESSED VIRGIN MARY, &c.

To which is added—A FULL DEFENCE OF THE

CHRISTIAN RELIGION.

In which the Evidences of Christianity are fairly stated, Objections of Atheists, Deists, and other Infidels, fully defeated; and the New Testament proved to be authentic, and the Religion of the GREAT REDEEMER of MANKIND the true Source of eternal Happiness.

The whole adapted to promote the Knowledge of our Holy Religion, a firm Faith in the Merits of our Blessed Redeemer and the Practice of every Christian Virtue.

By the Rev. JOHN FLEETWOOD, D.D.

Author of the CHRISTIAN'S DICTIONARY.

London: Printed for C. COOKE, No. 17. Paternoster-Row, and may be had of all Booksellers and News-men in England.

†‡† The Proprietor, by avoiding useless margins and blank pages, is enabled to bring this work into eleven numbers less than the folio edition; it therefore comes within the purchase of the poor as well as the rich; and for the convenience of readers, it may be had by one or two numbers at a time, at 6d. each, or the whole complete in twenty-five numbers, Price 12s. 6d.

☞ To prevent the intrusion of a more expensive work of the like kind, the Public are intreated to give positive orders for FLEETWOOD's LIFE OF CHRIST,

Published by C. COOKE, Paternoster-Row, and Sold by WATSON and Co. and J. OGLE, Edinburgh; and W. REID, Leith.

TOWN HALL, ABERDEEN, 5th December, 1798.

At a numerous and respectable meeting of the Merchants, Bankers, Traders, and other inhabitants of the city of Aberdeen, called by the Lord Provost.

THOMAS LEYS, Esq. of Glasgowforest, Lord Provost of Aberdeen, in the Chair.

THE Provost laid before the meeting a letter which he had received from the Lord Mayor of London, of date the 24th of last month, annexing a copy of the following resolutions of a numerous meeting of Merchants, Bankers, and other inhabitants of the city of London, held at the Mansion House upon the 21st of that month, viz.

I. That the principle of finance resorted to in the last session of Parliament, namely, that of raising within the year a considerable portion of the sum necessary for the public service, has contributed in a very eminent degree to the improvement of public credit, and the advantage of the community.

II. That the meeting are nevertheless of opinion, that the criterion, then assumed, as the basis of that extraordinary supply, has been found unequal in its operation, in as much as it has failed to call forth a due ratio of contribution from many descriptions of persons.

III. That impressed with full confidence that the resources of these kingdoms are adequate to the maintenance of our national honour and independence, this meeting think it proper to declare their readiness to give their utmost support to such measures as the legislature may deem best calculated to call forth these resources in a more equal and effectual manner; trusting that its wisdom will devise such expedients for that purpose, as, combined with our late glorious victories, may afford the means of further spirited resistance to the power and pretensions of the enemy, and secure, not only the blessings we now enjoy, but also that ultimate object of all our exertions, a safe and honourable peace.

Which having been read over,

IT WAS UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED,

That this meeting do agree with, and heartily approve of the above resolutions, as must tend to call forth the resources of the country, and to prevent, as much as possible, burdens being laid on that class of the community, least able to bear them.

RESOLVED further, unanimously,

That this meeting, being fully sensible that powerful exertions at this period are particularly necessary, in order to follow up and secure to us the good effects of our glorious and splendid victories—Do therefore recommend to all ranks of persons, a chearful acquiescence in those measures which shall be adopted by the legislature, as best calculated to procure an honourable, advantageous, and permanent peace.

That the thanks of this meeting be given to the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor of London, for his obliging communication.

That the thanks of this meeting be also given to Provost Leys, for calling thereof, and for his conduct in the chair,—

That copies of those resolutions, subscribed by the Chairman, be transmitted by him, to his Grace the Duke of Portland, and the Lord Mayor of London; and that they be published in the Aberdeen Journal, in the Edinburgh newspapers, and in the Sun and Star, London. THOS. LEYS Chairman.

BUTTER AND CHEESE.

JOHN ARCHIBALD respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, That he has Removed his Business from the Weigh House to his own Warehouse, west end of the Weigh House:

Where he has for Wholesale and Retail the following Goods,

Table Butter, first quality
Cooking and Baking Butter
A fine choice of Duollop & Ewe-Milk Cheeses, all sizes

And a large variety of good Common Cheeses.

Families and others, in Town or Country, supplied on the lowest terms by John Archibald, at his warehouse, west end of the Weigh House. *Edinburgh, Nov. 16. 1798.*

GAMEKEEPER AND GARDENER.

WANTED, a Sober, Steady, Active, Single Man, to look after a Muir and Manor in Yorkshire. He must be a good shot, understand the management of dogs and trout fishing.

The preservation of the Game and the detection of poachers will be strictly required. At leisure times, and in summer, he must manage the Kitchen Garden.

A man disposed to make himself useful in the family, independent of the above capacities, would find an agreeable residence.

Letters (post paid) addressed to William Chator, Esq. Cropton, near Pickering, Yorkshire, containing the most satisfactory references as to character, &c. will be immediately attended to.

TO DISSENTING MINISTERS,

AND MINISTERS OF CHAPELS OF EASE.

THE Directors of the Friendly Society of Dissenting Ministers in Scotland, take the liberty to inform their Brethren, that according to the rules of this Society those who do not enter on or before the 31st December current subject themselves to the necessity of paying a higher Premium before they can obtain admittance.

For the accommodation of all concerned, there are five annual rates of L. 1 8s. L. 2 2s. L. 2 16s. L. 3 10s. L. 4 4s. per annum, entitling the Widow of the Members to the corresponding Annuities of L. 10 L. 15 L. 20 L. 25 L. 30 per annum.—The Society already consists of betwixt sixty and seventy Members.——For farther particulars, or the regulations at large, application may be made (post-paid) either to the Reverend JAMES PEDDIE, Treasurer, or the Reverend GEORGE MORE, Clerk to the Society. *Edin. Dec. 3. 1798.*

SALE OF PAINTINGS, PRINTS,

Architectural Drawings, Books, and Instruments;

And also of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

THE SALE of PAINTINGS, &c. belonging to the late Mr BAXTER, Architect, will commence on Tuesday next, the 11th December, at 12 o'clock noon, at Martin's Sale Room, South Bridge, and will continue every lawful day that week, and Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday of the following week.

The Collection contains a number of very Scarce Articles, purchased by Mr Baxter during his six years residence at Rome —Also a variety of very Capital Paintings and Prints, collected after his return to this country.

There will also be Sold by auction, at Mrs Baxter's house at Greenside, on Friday the 26th of December curt. at twelve o'clock noon, several articles of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, and among others a great variety of Carron Grates, and an elegant Mahogany Book Case, about twelve feet long by nine feet broad.

DR SMELLOME'S EYE SALVE.

THIS SALVE is the composition of the late DR JOHN SMELLOME, an eminent Physician, and Fellow of the Royal College Edinburgh. The experience of upwards of 50 years (during which time it has been sold in London and most of the principal towns in Great Britain), has so fully established its character, that it is unnecessary for the proprietor to say any thing in its commendation, further than that it cures all sorts of dimness, inflammations, dryness, itching, and films in the eyes, as well those arising from a natural weakness as those from accidents, such as dust, lime, &c. It is remarkably good for ailments in the eyes after the small-pox, measles, and fevers, effectually removing all watery and grosser humours from them, and strengthening weak sight where there is no visible illness; and is so safe an application to that delicate organ, that although many thousands of all ranks can bear witness to the cures it has effected, *yet in no one case was it ever known to prove hurtful.*

The late Mrs Smellome having bequeathed the sole property of this medecine to Mr Strachan (a grand nephew of her father Dr Smellome's), who assisted her in preparing it for many years previous to her death, it continues to be sold by him at her late house No. 75, Hay-market, London, and by his appointment in Edinburgh, at

Mr BAXTER'S Italian Warehouse, South Bridge,

AND

Mrs GRANT, Tobacconist at the Cross.

A bill of directions is given with the box, price 2s. 9d. duty included.

☞ As attempts have been made to counterfeit this medecine, the Public are requested to take notice that it is sold *nowhere* genuine at Edinburgh, but by Mr Baxter and Mrs Grant.

SALE OF WAREHOUSES AND SHOPS.

THE WAREHOUSES, SHOPS, and other Buildings at the *Green Tree, Leith*, as let to Mr William Fettes, merchant in Edinburgh, at the rent of 510l. per annum, are for sale by private contract.

Sealed offers, addressed to James Walker, writer to the signet, will be opened by him at the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, on Wednesday the 19th December next, at 12 o'clock precisely, when the highest offerer of any sum above five thousand pounds will be preferred, on finding security to the exposers for implementing the bargain.

The Purchaser's entry to the subjects will be on the 15th February next, when the price is payable, or bear interest from that date, should the parties agree on its being postponed after that date.

The title deeds will be shewn by Mr Walker.

SLATE HILL.

To be LET for such a number of years as can be agreed upon

THE HILL of BRECKLET, immediately contiguous and adjacent to the well-known Slate Quarry of Balchellish, upon the side of Lochleven in Appin, Argyllshire.

The expences to be incurred in opening this hill for quarrying slates, must be very trifling, as to all appearance in every part, and indeed by trials made by experienced workmen, it will require almost no tirring except the surface sod.

The situation of this hill is peculiarly well adapted for the exportation of slates, as Lochleven is completely navigable for vessels to any extent of burden employed in the slate trade.—There can be no doubt of the excellent quality of the slates, as it must be a continuation of the same rock with Ballchellish. Every possible accommodation will be given for the convenience of the tacksman and workmen.

Proposals will be received by Duncan Campbell, writer, Inverary; or by James Hay, writer to the signet, Edinburgh; and John M'Intyre, tenant in Brecklet, will shew the premises.

WOODS IN PERTH SHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup on Thursday the 14th of February 1799, within the house of Peter Ross, inn-keeper in Callander of Monteith, at 11 o'clock forenoon.

THE WHOLE FULL-GROWN WOOD on the Lands of Edinchip and Creachans, in the parish of Balquhidder, consisting of OAK and ASH.

There is easy access from the Woods to the public high roads leading to Perth, Stirling, and Alloa.

The articles of Roup may be seen at the house of Edinchip and the servants there will show the Woods.

LONDON GAZETTE.

DECEMBER 4.

LONDON GAZETTE—Nov. 4.

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE—Dec. 4.

Copy of a Letter from the Right Hon. Admiral Lord BRIDPORT, K. B. to EVAN NEPEAN, Esq. dated the 2d Inst.

SIR,

ENCLOSED is the copy of a letter I have received from the Hon. Captain Stopford, of his Majesty's ship Phæton, which I transmit to you for their Lordship's information.

I have the honour to be, &c.

BRIDPORT.

Phæton, at Sea, 24th November, 1798.

MY LORD,

I HAVE the honour to inform your Lordship, that his Majesty's ship under my command has this day captured a French brig privateer called La Resolue, mounting 18 guns, and carrying 70 men.

She was returning from a cruize, in which she had captured one English merchant ship, called the General Wolfe, from Poole bound to Newfoundland; and an American sloop from Boston to Hamburgh, which latter was retaptured by the Stag last night. The Phæton having continued the chace after the privateer, the two ships separated, but I am in hopes that we shall soon again join.

I have the honour to be, &c.

ROBT. STOPFORD.

The Right Honourable Lord
BAIDPORT, K. B.

WAR-OFFICE—Dec. 4. 1798.

STAFF.

Captain John Balcomb, of the First Dragoon Guards, to be Major of Brigade to the forces.

Lanark and Dunbarton Fencible Cavalry.

C. Halkett to be Cornet, vice Marshall, who resigns.

Northern Fencible Infantry.

Lieutenant W. A. Gordon, on half-pay of the 26th foot, to be Captain, vice Donald Cameron, who resigns; Lieutenant Daniel Gordon, on the half-pay of the 60th foot, to be Captain, vice Chatteris, who resigns; Ensign Humphry Grant, from the Rosshire Fencibles, to be Lieutenant, vice White, who resigns; Serjeant George Cummine, from the Gordon Highlanders, to be Ensign, vice Robert Gordon; Alexander Macdonald to be Ensign, vice A. Cameron, who resigns.

Forfar Volunteers.

First Lieutenant William Don to be Captain, vice Wylie, who resigns. Second Lieutenant William Adam to be First Lieutenant, vice Don. Charles Webster, to be Second Lieutenant, vice Adam.

Harris Volunteers.

Alexander Macleod, to be Second Lieutenant, vice Macniel, who resigns.

Nigg Volunteers.

Captain David Ross, on the half-pay of the late 95th foot, to be Captain, vice Mackenzie, who resigns.

Strathnaver Volunteers.

Second Lieutenant Adam Gordon to be First Lieutenant, vice George Gordon, who resigns. James Mackay, to be Second Lieutenant, vice Adam Gordon.

London.

DECEMBER 6.

It is understood in the Ministerial circles, that the Honourable Thomas Grenville will immediately proceed to the Courts of Vienna upon an important diplomatic mission. This journey, it is said, is to be undertaken in consequence of the reluctance that the King of Prussia and the Emperor have shewn to join the confederacy which ministers have formed with Russia and the Porte. Mr Grenville goes first to Berlin and afterwards to Vienna.

We understand that Lord Elgin is about to leave London for Constantinople, whither his Lordship is going as Ambassador.

Saturday, General Sir R. Abercrombie, K. B. Lord E. Stuart, son to the Marquis of Bute, Lieutenant-Colonel Rudsdale, and other military officers, and Captains Cumberland and Towry of the navy, had the honour to kiss his Majesty's hand on promotions.

Wednesday the Marquis of Huntly kissed hands on his return from Ireland. Lord Reay was presented for the first time by the Marquis of Huntly.

The Fifeshire fencible cavalry, quartered at Braintree, &c. have made a voluntary offer of their services on the continent, or wherever his Majesty may be pleased to order them. This regiment volunteered their services formerly to Ireland, or any part of his Majesty's dominions.

Yesterday morning arrived at Yarmouth, the King George Packet, Captain Dean, from Cuxhaven, with mails, money, and Messr. Levi, Scott, Rainer, Ormond, and Mr Scott, King's Messenger, from Vienna. The passengers all agree in stating, that Napper Tandy is a prisoner on board the Termagant sloop of war, Captain D. Lloyd, and may be expected there hourly. Napper Tandy was discovered in the following manner. A commander of a lugger privateer, lying at Cuxhaven, waited on the Captain of the sloop for instructions; Captain Lloyd suspecting all was not right, sent a party on board to examine her papers, when to their surprize, they found that Napper Tandy was the real Captain and owner, and that his intention was to have captured a packet, and to proceed immediately to France. The crew of the lugger having discovered in their examination, that Napper Tandy was at Hamburgh, Captain Lloyd of the Termagant, sent thither a party of twelve marines, who by some means or other brought him on board the Termagant sloop.

Wednesday, arrived at Dover from Gravelines a cartel, with Major Armstrong, and the officers of the 11th regiment, with about 100 seamen.

Captain Ryder, of the Weymouth man of war, who arrived a few days ago in England from the Mediterranean, states, that he spoke the Powerful man of war, Captain O'Brien Drury, in Gibraltar Bay, who informed him, that accounts had been received from Tetuan, on the coast of Barbary, with the important information that the Captain Pacha, having under his command a large army of Turks, had attacked the French army in their intrenched camps near Cairo, and that a most bloody conflict ensued, which lasted three days, during which time a great slaughter ensued. It was reported that the French were driven from their encampments, but that the Turks lost 16,000 men.—*Sun.*

The destruction of the French transports in the harbour of Alexandria, and the retreat of Buonaparte to that place, were mentioned in many letters received by the Colossus, and the Lisbon mail, and particularly, we understand, in several letters from Lord Nelson to persons here, though no official account had reached his Lordship of the fact. We are happy in being able to say, however, that the account is very generally credited. The same accounts add, that Buonaparte had, in an action with the Mamelukes near Cairo, suffered a loss of 5000 men.

VIENNA—Nov. 4.

According to accounts from Trieste, the Maltese have repeatedly invited the Grand Master to return, and promised him obedience. Malta, however, is still in possession of the French,

From Constantinople they write, that the united Russian and Turkish fleet only remained in the Archipelago, till it had taken on board land forces, when it sailed to its destination, agreeably to the directions of Lord Nelson. A part of his fleet, it is said, now blocades the island of Corfu.

NOVEMBER 17.

According to the last accounts from Belgrade, fears were entertained there of a visit from Passwan Oglu, who had advanced to the vicinity of that city. The Pacha of Belgrade had in consequence sent couriers to several of the neighbouring Pachas to require reinforcements.

TURKEY, November 4.

[FROM THE VIENNA COURT GAZETTE.]

The account of the progress of the Turkish arms against the Rebel Pacha, Passawan Oglou, are still very unfavourable. Private letters from Altersova and Semlin, of the 27th of October and 1st of November state, that the Captain Pacha, who carried on the attack against Widden with 27,000 men, had succeeded in destroying the outworks of the place, so that he could advance to the town; but as sallies were to be apprehended from the fortress, and he had lost great numbers of his men by the continual fire from the artillery of the place, he was obliged to encamp out of the reach of cannon shot. But even this precaution was of little effect:—In the night of the 15th October Passawan Oglou made a sally with his whole force, entirely destroyed the camp of the Captain Pacha, and killed a great number of the Turks. The rest sought safety in flight, and the Pacha himself had not time to save his baggage, but was obliged to set fire to his own and his officers' tents, to prevent their falling into the hands of the enemy. On the following day the troops of the Graud Signior were no longer to be seen through the whole country; and Passawan Oglou remained at full liberty to recruit and extend his force.

FRANKFORT, November 17.

Appearances are again very warlike. The Army of Mentz will be again called the Army of the Rhine, and be augmented to 80,000 men.—The French Head-Quarters are now at Wisbaden, and will, it is said, go with General Jourdan to Strasbourg. The situation of Ehrenbreistein becomes every day more critical.

The Gazettes here, under the head Vienna, assert that the Porte had declared war against the Batavian Republic.—(The latest direct accounts from Vienna and Constantinople mention nothing of this.—*Note of Hamburgh Editor.*)

BRUSSELS, Nov. 15.

The army here having been reinforced with a considerable number of troops from different parts, the Rebels have been every where attacked with success, and we hope that tranquillity will soon be restored. General Galland has already declared the Department of the Dyle and this city no longer in a state of siege. Seven waggons with arrested persons have again set off from this city for Paris.

The Board of Health has officially anounced to the inhabitants of the city of New York, that they may with safety return to their houses, as the setting in of the late cold weather and frost has rendered the pestilential fever no longer to be dreaded, provided they take the necessary precautions and to cleanse and ventilate their long unaired dwellings, and to purify the bedding and clothing which has been left therein, during the prevalence of the fever.

In the new election for Members to represent the people of the United States, the French partizans are every way successfully opposed, and a great majority in favour of Government will be returned.

Mr Erskine, the Counsellor's son, is arrived at Norfolk in America. He intends to pay a visit to General Washington, at Mount Vernon, and afterwards to make a tour through the United States.

Matthew Lyon, the Representative in Congress in the western district of Vermount, was, at a late Circuit Court for the district of Vermount, indicted for seditious practices, found guilty, and sentenced to four months imprisonment, and to pay a fine of one thousand dollars.

One of the American papers has the following paragraph:—

"Several persons have been lately apprehended in Bridgewater, Massachusetts, and obliged to find bail, each in one thousand dollars, for their appearance at the next Court of Sessions, for wearing the French badge of infamy, and disturbing the solemn exercise of the Sabbath."

THIS DAY'S POST.

LONDON—DECEMBER 7.

This day the five parties who had prepared lists for the loan, met Mr Pitt, by appointment in Downing-street.

Mr Boldero for the Bankers, was the successful bidder, and the Minister contracted for three millions on the following terms, viz.—100l. Consols and 87l. 9s. 6d. Reduced, for 100l. money, and no discout allowed. The interest on the Consols to commence from Christmas, and on the Reduced. from Michaelmas last,

The terms offered by the other bidders were,

	Consols.	Reduced.
Mr Giles	L. 100	88 15
The Stock Exchange	100	89 10
Boyd, Angerstein, and Devaynes	100	89 13 6
Robarts, Goldsmid, and E. P. Salomons	100	90 10

At opening the Consols were this day 53, and the Reduced 53½. If a calculation be made upon these prices, it will be found that the contractors for the present loan have taken it at a discount of about 4s. per cent.

Some French papers were received yesterday by Government. They are to the 26th ultimo, only one day later than the last series of Paris journals.

These papers were brought to this country by a cartel from Gravelines, which arrived at Dover on Wednesday last with Major Armstrong, the officers of the 11th regiment, and about 100 seamen, who have been regularly exchanged.

The only intelligence of importance received by this conveyance, is a report of new troubles having broke out in La Vendee. The two paragraphs which follow appear under the head Paris, 6 Frimaire (Nov. 26).

"We are assured that considerable assemblages of men are forming in the Morbilian, and that fresh commotions are daily expected in the western departments. The message addressed to the Directory by the Council of Five Hundred, at the close of the General Commitee, renders this report very probable. Let us hope, however, that the wisdom and vigour of government will know how to preserve from new convulsions these provinces which still feel the horrors of the war of La Vendee; and that the peaceful genius of Hoche will still hover round the banks of the Loire.

"Letters from Italy state, that the Austrian Army, which occupies the country of the Grisons, has entered the Valteline country; and that numerous corps of our troops are marching to the same quarter. On the 4th and 5th Brumaire 1600 Republicans passed Mount St. Marlo, on their March to the Valteline."

The question of the suppression of the Tolls of Elsfleth, on the Rhine, is now one of the principal objects of contention at the Congress of Rastadt. According to letters from Rastadt, it appear that the Danish Minister has given in a memorial, in which he insists that neither the French nor the Emperor have any right to suppress that toll: it is said also that both Sweden and Denmark are, at the instigation of the Russian Cabinet, arming to join the confederacy against France.

The foreign journals contain no authentic accounts from Egypt. The latest intelligence respecting Buonaparte and his army has probably been received by the over-land express which arrived yesterday from India—On this interesting subject, however, nothing that we can state with any degree of accuracy has yet transpired. The advices brought by this express, we understand, state that the Company's ships Exeter, Bombay Castle, Brunswick, and Earl Howe, arrived at Bombay early in June last.

Thursday the Countess of Lowden was presented to the Queen by the Countess of Dumfries.

Mr Secretary Dundas is confined to his house in Somerset Place, with the rheumatism: he is attended by Sir Walter Farquhar.

Captain Berry has within this day or two been exchanged, and will now of course make his appearance at Court

Lord Elgin's embassy to Constantinople is intended to be unusually splendid, as a compliment to the Grand Seignior. His Lordship will assume the title of Ambassador Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary, and is to carry out with him a very numerous suite. He is also to take with him two full length pictures of the King and Queen, and a rich state canopy, under which he will receive the compliments of the foreign Ministers and others, on his arrival at Constantinople. A service of plate of the value of 5000l. is now making for his Lordship.

Mr Grattan, it is said, is to be brought into the British parliament on the interest of a certain noble duke, for the purpose of giving all necessary information on the subject of Ireland.

We understand that a secret expedition of great moment, in which eight regiments of cavalry, and some corps of infantry are to be employed, is on the eve of sailing from this country. It would be improper in us to endeavour to discover its object.—General Tarleton is appointed to the command of the English cavalry in Portugal, and, it is reported, is to have some share in the direction of the enterprise.

Some time ago we stated the probability of a very extensive plan of commercial intercourse which was upon the tapis, and that among other treaties it was possible that a good understanding with the court of Spain would take place. The rumour that Minorca has been seized on without a struggle does not contradict this supposition; but there are stronger evidences of the progress of the negociation than any that have heretofore transpired. For several days past policies have been done upon foreign vessels destined to Vera Cruz, and home again, to an amount that indicates the design of the voyage, and that promises very beneficial consequences to the manufactures of Great Britain.

A letter, signed by several Lord Lieutenants of counties and Colonels of regiments of militia is sent out, to call a meeting of Lord Lieutenants and Colonels of militia at the Thatched House Tavern, St James's-street, on the 15th day of December, to take into consideration the subject of forming the flank companies of militia into battalions, which is stated to be highly important to the system of militia.

By the last advices from America we find, that the agent from the French Republic, who sailed from France on the 1st of September, with conciliatory proposals, has arrived in the United States, and has been very well received.

Yesterday a General Court was held at the East India House, when it was resolved to grant a pension of 1500l. a year to Lord Hobart during the term of the Company's exclusive charter.

At a Court of Common Council yesterday, Mr Samuel Dixon made a motion, which was seconded by Mr Kemble, as highly honourable to the Court, as it as it was to the individual who made it;—"That the Court is highly gratified by the very spirited conduct of John Taylor and James Harding, two brave Seamen, who, at the risk of their lives, rescued the dispatches from General Buonoparte."—It was unanimously agreed to, and referred to a Committee to consider in what manner they should be rewarded.

The Court broke up at half past three.

HOUSE OF COMMONS—Dec. 6.

SCOTS SMALL NOTE BILL.

On the motion of Mr WM. DUNDAS, the committee on this bill was deferred until to-morrow.

The report of the malt, mum, and perry bill was brought up and agreed to, and the bill ordered to be read a third time to-morrow, if then engrossed.

INCOME BILL.

Mr PITT moved the second reading of the Income bill.

The motion was not opposed, and the bill was read a second time, and ordered to be committed to-morrow.

LAND TAX.

Mr PITT rose to move for leave to bring in a bill to amend the land tax redemption bill.

The object of the measure he had to propose, was to give some additional facility to the operation of the bill, by allowing some extension of the time limited for proprietors to purchase, by enabling persons having estates in different counties to sell one or a part of one, for the purpose of purchasing the land tax in others.

There is another more considerable object. It related to ecclesiastical property. Ecclesiastical bodies have great difficulties as the act now stands, to ascertain what part of the property they have power to alienate. It was his intention to explain this clearly in the bill he proposed to bring in.

Some regulations were necessary with respect to entails, and to do away a supposed inequality which existed in certain parishes, and render the repartion more equal. It was but fair that there should be a *pro rata* reduction allowed in parishes where it appeared that the whole parish had paid more than its share.

There were several other regulations with which he should not at present take up the time of the House. He would simply move "that leave be given to bring in a bill to extend the time limited for the redemption of the land tax, by the act passed last session, and to amend and explain that act."

Mr JOHNS did not rise to oppose the motion. He should be very glad if the bill were amended. The House however would recollect how eager the Right Hon. Gentleman was to hurry the original bill through the House. It now appeared that the bill could not go on without another to amend it. He believed, as an Hon. Baronet lately said, that the land and the money were about to change hands. He felt for the landed interest, and unfit as he was to the task, he would, if no one else did, endeavour to obtain for them something like justice. This bill was ruinous to the landed interest. It was in his opinion the child of Inordinate Power. He was sorry to be obliged to use harsh terms—At present he should say no more.

Mr PITT rose to explain. It appeared that the Honourable Gentleman had paid as little attention to the notice he had now given, as he had formerly done to the progress of the bills he had alluded to, in language so extraordinary. So far was he from stating that the bill was not beneficial, that he merely signified his intention to move for leave to bring in a bill to give greater facility to its operation. With regard to the injustice which the Hon. Gentleman conceived to be done to the landed interest, his opinion was certainly erroneous.—It would be singular indeed that a measure of the kind the Hon. Gentlemau imagined this to be, should receive the support of nine-tenths of the landed interest, who had zealously supported it both in and out of Parliament.

The Parliament had thought proper to adopt the principle of the bill, and the approbation it had received from all bodies, whether of the commercial, monied, or landed interests had proved that House had acted completely unison with the public opinion. The charging hurrying the bill thought the House was equally unfounded. No measure was ever more deliberately discussed. The reasons which were urged against it by a few members of that House, he must confess did not appear to him to have any weight, and the general approbation the bill had since received, tended to confirm him in this opinion.

There was only one other topic he should notice.—The Honourable Gentleman had denominated the bill an act of power. Every act of the legislature was an act of power. The epithet therefore meant nothing. The power the Honourable Gentleman alluded to was, that by which the House existed, and of which he hoped there was none present wished to see it deprived.

Mr JOHNES said a few words in explanation.

Mr BURDEN expressed his warm approbation of the land tax bill, and hoped that every thing necessary would be done to explain such parts as were doubtful, to amend it where amendments were wanting, and to give the fullest facility to its operation.

The motion was then put, and leave given to bring in the bill,

STAFF OFFICERS.

Mr M. A. TAYLOR moved, that there be laid before the House a list of the General and Staff Officers at present employed, with the names of the divisions, &c. to which they belong.—Adjourned.

Mr TIERNEY's Reply to Mr PITT's Speech on the Plan of Finance.

Mr TIERNEY said that after the eloquent effusion which the House had just heard from the Honourable Gentleman, he was not so vain as to hope that any thing that he could offer in reply would be deemed worthy of comparative consideration. He had, therefore, to apologize to the House for offering himself to their attention, sensible as he was that nothing from him could, after such an appeal to their passions, make the slightest impression on their minds. He was willing to allow that the situation of the Chancellor of the Exchequer was of the most trying description, and that the result of that night's deliberation was of the utmost importance not only to Great Britain, but to Europe; and therefore he could have wished that the measure submitted to them had been of such a nature as not to compel him to give it his decided opposition. When he came down to the House that evening, he understood that the intention of the Honourable Gentleman was merely to state the general outline of his plan, and not to enter into those particulars which he had so diffusely stated to the House; consequently he was not prepared (and it required much preparation on his part) to combat the immense torrent of eloquence with which the House had just been transported. From the experience which he had had of the financial statements of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, he could not indulge himself in the hope that there would be no other loan requisite for the services of the ensuing year than that of which the House had just received notice. Upon this point he wished particularly to be informed; and if he received an assurance from the Honourable Gentleman that no further sums would be required, he hoped he would keep his word. He gave him much credit for having made a very correct calculation from the documents which he had alluded to, and still more for the manner in which he had expressed himself upon the subject of drawbacks; but disapproving, as he did of the principle of the plan which had been submitted to the House, it could hardly be expected of him that he should be so unmindful of his duty to his constituents, as to remain silent on the subject, even for a single night. The measure of the increased assessments, last year, met with his decided disapprobation; and he was not so inattentive to the duty which he owed to the public, as not to oppose, in the present instance, a scheme which was infinitely more objectionable. When the former measure was before the House, it was supported by some Gentlemen upon the ground that it did not insist upon the disclosure of the circumstances of the persons who might have occasion to appeal against its undue operation; and it was even then said by many of its supporters, that it would be better to abandon the plan altogether, if it could be enforced by no other means than that of obliging individuals to make a disclosure of their circumstances. Yet such

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s were to be compelled to make that very diſcloſure
ich was ſo ſeverely and ſo juſtly reprobated in the
mer inſtance.

The miniſter did not then think it either ſafe or pru-
nt to adopt any ſuch expedient as that dangerous one
which he was now about to have recourſe; but ha-
ving wedded himſelf to a new ſyſtem, he did not, in the
preſent inſtance, heſitate to take advantage of it, to
make a man ſubject to the information of any unprinci-
pled ſpy, and to compel the merchant and trader to
ſubmit to any impoſt that might be thought proper, un-
leſs they agreed to make a full diſcloſure of all their
circumſtances. The idea was monſtrous, and the ex-
pedient moſt dangerous.

If the meaſure now propoſed ſhould prove as unpro-
ductive as that of laſt year, the harangue of the Chan-
cellor of the Exchequer againſt the evaders of the tax,
would no doubt be great and as eloquent as that which
we had juſt heard from him, and a general diſcloſure,
under every circumſtance, would of courſe be demanded.
The argument urged in favour of the increaſed aſſeſſ-
ments was, that the plan could not be conſidered as a
tax upon income; the Chancellor of the Exchequer,
however, now came forward, and aſſuming a bolder
tone, openly avowed his determination of adopting
that which was lately deemed obnoxious by his friends.
A tenth part of the income of almoſt every man in
the country was to be put in a ſtate of requiſition; a
meaſure ſo iniquitous, that not even that Government
which the Honourable Gentleman had ſo juſtly and
eloquently branded with infamy, would venture to en-
force. The tax altogether he conſidered as a ſyſtem
of indiſcriminate rapine, for rapacious muſt that plan
be which operated in the manner that this was in-
tended to do. Did the Honourable Gentleman mean
to ſay, that the holder of a life eſtate ſhould be taxed
as high as the holder of an eſtate in tail, or that the
widow with her annuity was as capable of contributing
towards the expences of the ſtate as a perſon who was
the actual poſſeſſor of a capital in the funds?

All that could be ſaid in favour of the meaſure was
that of a bad meaſure the Miniſter had made the beſt.
Such an argument might be deemed a good one for the
propoſer of the plan, but by no means a ſufficient reaſon
for him to vote for a meaſure having for its object to de-
prive of their comforts the moſt reſpectable part of the
community. If affairs were to be conducted in the
ſame manner as they had hitherto been done, it might
indeed be neceſſary to have recourſe to ſuch an expedi-
ent; but he truſted we were not yet reduced to that
dreadful dilemma; it was a meaſure of ſo deſperate a
nature, as not to be reſorted to until every other means
of taxation was exhauſted. There were church eſta-
bliſhments, the only uſe of which was to enable holders
of them to wallow in luxury, and indulge in grandeur,
and which of courſe were fair objects of taxation.

Corporations, he thought, ought alſo to be looked to,
and converted to the benefit of the revenue. (A general
cry of hear! hear! from the Treaſury bench). For his
own part, he ſaid, he would not lay hands on the pro-
perty of any man, or any ſet of men, of whatever de-
ſcription they might be; but if the principle was to be
adopted, it ought to take a proper direction. The plan
evidently went to injure that deſcription of people who
merely derived annuities from the funds; while, accord-
ing to the arguments of the miniſter, it was likely to
benefit thoſe who were actual holders of ſtock. The
former having no diſpoſable property, could not be be-
nefited by any riſe of the ſtocks that might take place;
whereas the latter, if, as ſtated by the Chancellor of
the Exchequer, the meaſure was likely to elevate rather
than depreſs the funds, would experience an advantage
that could not be hoped for by any other claſs of his
Majeſty's ſubjects; in which caſe the ſtockholder could
not be ſuppoſed to contribute his due proportion to the
neceſſities of the ſtate; ſo that one claſs of the people
might be ſaid to contribute for the advantage of another.
The Right Honourable Gentleman appeared to him to
be attentive only to the ſimple principle of benefiting
the revenue, without conſidering the hardſhips that muſt
attach to the caſes of certain individuals. Conſidering
the preſent as a temporary tax, how great would be the
hardſhip of a man who, poſſeſſing an eſtate in tail, was
obliged to pay a tenth part of his income to the diſad-
vantage of the younger branches of his family, who, on
his demiſe, might thereby be left deſtitute, from the
extreme weight of the impoſt, the heir at law becoming
poſſeſſed of the eſtate. This he conceived to be a con-
ſideration not unworthy the attention of the Honourable
Gentleman. Mr Tierney then adverted to a change of
financial principle that had of late taken place in the
Chancellor of the Exchequer. Had he not been ac-
quainted with the voice of the Honourable Gentleman,
was he not certain of his perſon, or had he not been
accuſtomed to the eloquence of his harangues, he ſhould
have thought that it was a new miniſter who had pre-
ſented himſelf to the Houſe, for the purpoſe of abuſing
the meaſures of the laſt five years; of condemning the
means adopted during that time for raiſing the taxes
which had been levied to pay the intereſt of the enor-
mous debt of 50,000,000l. ſterling, unneceſſarily incur-
red in the courſe of that period, and of cenſuring his
conduct for having degraded his miniſterial character in
recognizing the French Republic, and ſending an am-
baſſador to that power to treat of peace.

It might, continued Mr Tierney, be very fine to talk
of a prolongation of juſt and neceſſary war, for the pur-
poſe of delivering Europe; but for his own part, he
muſt conſider himſelf as ſtanding in that Houſe as a re-
preſentative of the people of England, and not as a de-
puty from the Congreſs of Raſtadt. He deprecated the
idea of this country engaging in a continental war, and
expreſſed his ſincere belief that it was by peace alone
that the ſecurity of Europe could be accompliſhed. No
man could be more freindly than he was to any meaſure
having for its object the ſecurity and honour of the coun-
try; but when he found the people called upon to pay
the ſalvage of their ſafety, and was at the ſame time
told that the war was no longer to be carried on for
ourſelves, but for the benefit of other powers, under
the pretence of reſcuing Europe from French deſpotiſm
he loſt all patience, and was filled with indignant ſur-
prize. Under theſe conſiderations, he ſhould conſider
that he but ill performed his duty as a repreſentative of
the people, if he did not oppoſe the meaſure now pro-
poſed to the Houſe. He had given his cordial ſupport
to the ſupplies for the maintenance of our preſent naval
eſtabliſhment, under the impreſſion that it was expedi-
ent to keep up our maritime ſuperiority as long as the
war ſhould laſt; but with reſpect to our military eſta-
bliſhment, he thought differently.

In the propoſed increaſe of the army, he diſcovered
the ſeeds of extended warfare, and ſaw that viſionary
proſpects of continental conqueſts had preſented them-
ſelves to the view of his Majeſty's Miniſters. Theſe
projects were ſo ridiculous, that he truſted Government
would alter their opinion, and that nothing more would
be attempted than the ample ſecurity of the Britiſh do-
minions. At all events, he could not conſent to an in-
creaſe of our military eſtabliſhment while ſo many of
our militia regiments were permitted to remain in Ire-
land, unleſs it was ſatisfactorily proved to the Houſe
that their further ſtay in that country was a meaſure of
undiſpenſible neceſſity. He was ſorry that the plan of
the Chancellor of the Exchequer was of ſuch a nature
as to oblige him to give it his oppoſition; but his duty
to his conſtituents was paramount to every other con-
ſideration. For the preſent, he ſhould content himſelf
with expreſſing his diſapprobation of the principle of the
meaſure; but, in the future ſtages of the buſineſs, he
ſhould take an opportunity of ſtating more particularly
his objections to the tax.

LLOYD's MARINE LIST.—Dec. 7.

The Juno, Maas, of and from Hamburgh to New York, has been taken by the French, retaken by the Lord Dunmore, of Guernsey, and carried in there.

The John, (of Poole,) from Newfoundland, has been taken by the French, retaken by the Lord Hawke privateer, and brought into Plymouth.

The Tagus, Nairn, from Petersburgh to London, has been run foul of at ſea, and arrived at Elsinore, with much damage.

The Dispatch, Barry, from Dublin to Philadelphia, is loſt on the Jerſey ſhore;—a great part of the cargo ſaved.

The Britannia, Stuckfield, from London to St John's, New Brunswick, is put back to Falmouth, having loſt her rudder, and other damage, in violent gales of wind.

The Active, Stanton, from Dublin to Martinico, has been on ſhore at Waterford, and got off without much damage.

The Delight, Wilſon, from Virginia to London, is loſt near Cape Cod.

The Succeſs, Day, from Yarmouth to Milton, is on ſhore on the South Ham, Yarmouth.

The Elizabeth, College, from Briſtol to Guernsey, foundered at ſea.

The Nancy, Major, from Liverpool to Leghorn, is taken and carried into Algeziras.

The Jane, Preddis, from Dartmouth to Newfoundland, was taken 25th October, in lat. 47. long. 30. by the Hewſon privateer of 18 guns, and carried into Bilboa.

WINDS AT DEAL.

Dec. 4. N.E.—5. S.S.W.—6. E.

MAILS.

Arrived—Ireland, 2.—Hamburgh, 1.—New York, 1.
Due—Ireland, 7.—Hamburgh 2.

—*STOCKS.*—

Bank Stock	—	India Stock	—
3 *per cent. cons.*	—	*Long Ann.*	15 7-16 ⅛
4 *per cent.*	66⅞	*Short.*	6 5-16 ⅜
5 *per cent. Ann.*	—	*Omnium*	—

Caledonian Mercury.

EDINBURGH—DECEMBER 10.

[FROM OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—Dec. 7.

Mr Mainwaring brought up the report of the committee to whom the petitions relative to wet docks for the city of London were referred.

The report being read, Mr Mainwaring moved for leave to bring in a bill for improving the port of London, by wet docks, quays, &c. Leave given.

ADVANCES BY THE BANK.

Mr Hobhouse moved, "that there be laid before this Houſe an account of the money advanced by the Bank of England for the public ſervice, and outſtanding on the 7th Dec. 1798." Ordered.

ARMY SEDUCTION BILL.

Mr Ross brought up the army ſeduction bill (the ſame as that of laſt ſeſſion) which was read a firſt time, and ordered to be read a ſecond time to-morrow.

ISLAND OF ST VINCENTS.

Sir William Young brought up a petition from the planters, &c. of the iſland of St Vincents, praying for aid from Parliament. Ordered to lie on the table.

ANNUAL DUTY BILLS.

The perſonal eſtates, &c. duty bill was committed, and the report ordered to be received to-morrow.

The malt, mum, cyder and perry duty bill was read a third time and paſſed.

LAND TAX.

Mr Pitt brought up the bill amending the land tax redemption bill, which he moved for yeſterday. It was read a firſt time, and moved to be read a ſecond time to-morrow.

Sir John Sinclair did not oppoſe the ſecond reading to-morrow. As the bill was of very great importance, he hoped that the Right Hon. Gentleman could have no objection to fill up the blanks in the Committee, and have the bill printed, and time given for conſideration before it was re-committed.

Mr Ryder ſaid, that this was a meaſure which had already received the ſanction of the Houſe, and the preſent bill being only for amending the former, he ſaw no occaſion for delay.

Mr Pitt ſaid he ſhould certainly move for the bill to be committed on Monday. Though perfectly of opinion with his Honourable Friend, that all unneceſſary delay ought to be avoided, he was willing that every opportunity ſhould be given for diſcuſſion, in order that the bill might receive all the improvement it was capable of. He ſhould therefore move for printing the bill and filling up the blanks. At the ſame time he could not avoid remarking that the Honourable Baronet ſeemed to be altogether ignorant of the nature of this bill.

Mr Hussey ſaid, that from his own obſervation he could not but know that carrying the laſt bill into effect had occaſioned a conſiderable expence to the country. It was neceſſary for the Houſe to enquire whether this was to be the caſe with the preſent bill. He had been told that the expence of the laſt bill was no leſs than one million. He ſhould be glad to know if this was the fact; for if it was, the purchaſe to the nation would be dear indeed.

Mr Pitt.—If the redemption of the land-tax could not be obtained by any leſs than one million, I have no heſitation in ſaying, that the advantage for the nation would be cheaply purchaſed at that price. It is, however, impoſſible to give the Honourable Gentleman the information he ſeems to want, unleſs he ſhall be pleaſed to ſtate under what heads he ſuppoſed the enormous expence he has alluded to, has been incurred.

Mr Hussey.—It is impoſſible for me to explain the heads under which the expence has fallen. I have however reaſon to believe that it has been very great. Conſiderable expences have been occaſioned by clerks and fees of various kinds. Has the Right Honourable Gentleman never been informed of the vaſt expence I have mentioned from any other quarter.

Mr Pitt.—Never.

The bill was then ordered to be read a ſecond time to-morrow.

Mr Pitt moved, that there be laid before the Houſe an account of the expence occaſioned by the bill paſſed laſt ſeſſion of Parliament for the redemption of the land tax, ordered.

VOLUNTARY SERVICE.

Mr Pitt brought up a bill for continuing the Voluntary Service of the Engliſh militia in Ireland, which was read a firſt time.

Mr Tierney ſaid a few words, declaring that he ſhould not oppoſe the bill.

INCOME BILL.

The Houſe reſolved into a Committee on the bill for Taxing Income—Mr Smith in the chair.

Mr Pitt ſaid it was his intention to have the clauſes filled up *pro forma* in this Committee, and to move for the bill being printed. Gentlemen would have a more convenient opportunity of diſcuſſing the meaſure after the report.

The Houſe being reſumed, the report was ordered to be received to-morrow, and the bill to be printed.

SCOTS SMALL NOTE BILL.

The Houſe reſolved into a Committee on this bill, Mr Hobart in the chair.

On the motion of Mr William Dundas, the blank for lengthening the duration of the bill was filled up the 1ſt of May 1799.

ENGLISH SMALL NOTES BILL.

The Houſe reſolved into a Committee on this bill, and after ſome converſation, progreſs was reported and leave aſked to ſit again to-morrow, which was granted.—Adjourned.

By all accounts a vigorous continental war will ſoon commence—It is ſaid the firſt object will be to expel the French from Holland, and ſupport the Stadtholder's friends.

The Courts of Vienna and Berlin are reported to have acquieſced in a renewal of hoſtilities upon *certain conditions*. Thomas Grenville ſets off immediately on a ſpecial commiſſion to theſe Courts. He carries with him the grand and combined plan of operation, which however is kept an entire ſecret, ſo that whatever reports may be circulated, they can only be the conjectures and ſpeculations of thoſe who frame them.

Explanation of the Schedule by which a tax is to be laid on incomes.

Perſons not poſſeſſing an annual income of Sixty Pounds to be exempted.

£.		£.			£.	s.	d.
60	and under	65	to a ſum not exceeding	1-120 part; or	0	10	0
65	—	70	- - -	1-95	0	13	8
70	—	75	- - -	1-70	1	0	0
75	—	80	- - -	1-65	1	3	0
80	—	85	- - -	1-60	1	6	8
85	—	90	- - -	1-55	1	10	9
90	—	95	- - -	1-50	1	16	0
95	—	100	- - -	1-45	2	2	3
100	—	105	- - -	1-40	2	10	0
105	—	110	- - -	1-38	2	15	3
110	—	115	- - -	1-36	3	1	0
115	—	120	- - -	1-34	3	7	8
120	—	125	- - -	1-32	3	15	0
125	—	130	- - -	1-30	4	3	4
130	—	135	- - -	1-28	4	12	10
135	—	140	- - -	1-26	5	2	10
140	—	145	- - -	1-24	5	16	8
145	—	150	- - -	1-22	6	11	0
150	—	155	- - -	1-20	7	10	0
155	—	160	- - -	1-19	8	3	0
160	—	165	- - -	1-18	8	17	0
165	—	170	- - -	1-17	9	14	0
170	—	175	- - -	1-16	10	12	0
175	—	180	- - -	1-15	11	13	0
180	—	185	- - -	1-14	12	17	0
185	—	190	- - -	1-13	14	4	0
190	—	195	- - -	1-12	15	16	0
195	—	200	- - -	1-11	17	14	0

All incomes of 200l. per annum, and upwards, 10 per cent.

HULL, Dec. 7.

The inhabitants of this town yeſterday and to-day have experienced the pleaſing and exhilarating ſight of upwards of 60 ſail of ſhips arriving from the Baltic. They may be valued at nearly 300,000l.—They are part of a fleet of 400 ſail. Three privateers got into the midſt of them; but owing to gales of wind did not make any captures. Several of the ſhips are now in ſight, but cannot get their names.

At the anniverſary meeting of the Society of Scottiſh Antiquaries, held on the 4th curt. the following Gentlemen were choſen office-bearers:

His Grace the Duke of Montrose, President.
Gilbert Innes, Eſq. of Stow, 1ſt Vice President.
Thomas Elder, Eſq. 2d Ditto,
John Dundas, Eſq. 3d Ditto.
Sir James Colquhoun, Bart. 4th Ditto.
Sir James Hall, Bart. 5th Ditto.
The Lord Advocate of Scotland, Lord Glenlee, Sir James Stirling, Lord Provoſt of Edinburgh, Robert Dundas, Eſq. Henry Jardine, Eſq. Alexander Keith, Eſq. David Deuchar, Eſq. } Council.
D. Robert Kennedy, Alex. Keith, Eſq. } Curators.
Gilbert Innes, Eſq. John Dundass, Eſq. } Auditors of Accounts.
Robert Hodshen Cay, Eſq. John Graham Dalyell, Eſq. Rev. Dr John Geddes, Robert Kerr, Eſq. } Cenſors.
John Graham Dalyell, Superintendant of Nat. Hiſt.
Sir William Forbes, Bart. Treaſurer.
William Simpſon, Eſq. Caſhier.
Mr Alex. Smellie, Secretary.
Rev. Dr John Geddes, Secretary for Foreign Correſpondence.
Mr Alex. Mathiſon, Latin Secretary.
Mr Alex. Drummond, French Secretary.
Rev. Mr Donald Macintoſh, Gaelic Secretary.
Mr Walter Macfarlane, Gaelic Clerk.
John Spottiswoode, Eſq. Agent at London.
Robert Dundas, Eſq. Agent at Edinburgh.

SOUND INTELLIGENCE.

PASSED DOWNWARDS.

Nov. 18. Mercury, Millar, from Petersburgh to Leith, iron.
Henry Beveridge, from ditto to Grangemouth, ſundries.
Phebe, Thomſon, from ditto to London, ditto.
Pilgrim, Beveridge, from ditto to Leith, iron.
Diana, Chriſtie, from ditto to Dublin, ditto.
Rennet, Thomſon, from ditto to Londonderry, ſundries.
Nancy, Cargill, from Riga to Arbroath, flax.
James Murrison, from ditto to ditto, hemp.
Robert, Beverly, from Petersburgh to London, iron.
Athol, Rait, from ditto to Bridport, ditto.
Concord, Moyes, from Riga to Kirkcaldy, flax.
Hope, Lamb, from Petersburgh to Leith, tallow.
Thomas and Mary, Barker, from ditto to Grangemouth.
Peggy, Caithneſs, from Riga to Bridport, flax.
Neptune, Lambert, from Petersburgh to Grangemouth.
Nancy, Lyall, from Petersburgh to Dundee, iron.
Adventure, Roberts, from ditto to Leith, ſundries.
Fortitude, Mathiſon, from ditto to London, ditto.
Euphemia, Hutton, from ditto to Leith, ditto.
Jean, Grindly, from ditto to Grangemouth, do.
Haddock, Hutchinſon, from ditto to London, ditto.
19. Friends, Taylor, from ditto to Arbroath, flax.
Active, Darby, from ditto to Grangemouth, hemp.
Merchant, Izatt, from ditto to ditto, iron.
Camilla, Foreman, from ditto to Dundee, flax.
Jeſſy, Drummond, from ditto to ditto, ditto.
Caledonia, Macfarlane, from ditto to Grangemouth, hemp.
Antelope, Smart, from ditto to Dundee, tallow.
Tagus, Nairn, from ditto to London, flax.
20. Allison, Beattie, from ditto to Aberdeen, ſundries.

The Tagus Nairn, of Dundee, was run foul of the 18th, and loſt her bowſprit, &c.—Unloads her cargo here.

Wind N.E. with ſmart froſt.

Elsinore, Nov. 20. 1798. HOWDEN & CO.

SURGEONS HALL,
Edinburgh, 4th Dec. 1798.

In preſence of the Royal College of Surgeons, appeared Mr JOHN RITCHIE, late Aſſiſtant to Mr Benjamin Bell, and being examined upon his ſkill in Anatomy, Surgery, and Pharmacy, was found fully qualified to practiſe theſe Arts.

Extracted by
WILLIAM BALDERSTON, Clerk.

FISH CURERS

MAY be ſupplied with LIVERPOOL SMALL SALT for the Fiſhery.

Apply to Robert Strong & Son, Leith.

TO THE NOBILITY AND GENTRY.

J. BAYLL begs leave to return his moſt grateful acknowledgments to the Noblemen and Gentlemen who have ſo liberally ſupported him in countenancing his preſent Plan of Aſſemblies and Balls, which on Friday was truly brilliant;—and requeſts permiſſion to acquaint them, that on Friday firſt the 14th curt. there will be a BALL and SUPPER, in George's Square Aſſembly Rooms.

Gentlemens Tickets 1l. 1s. Sterling, Ladies 10s. 6d.—Ladies tranſferable.

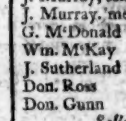
To continue in terms of the former advertiſements

Bayll's Tavern, Dec. 10. 1798.

To the Creditors *of*
CHARLES GRAY, Eſq. of Carſe.

THE Factor for Mr Gray's Truſtees and Creditors requests a meeting of them, on Thurſday next the 13th curt. in Hunter's Tavern, Forfar, at 12 o'clock noon, when a ſtate of Mr Gray's affairs will be laid before them for their further directions.

Old Montrose, December 7. 1798.



AT LEITH—FOR LONDON,
The Union Shipping Company's Armed Smack,
ROXBURGH PACKET,
Thomas Taylor Maſter,
Will take in goods till Tueſday afternoon at 3 o'clock, when ſhe will ſail.

Union Shipping Co's Office, Leith, December 10. 1798.

DEFENCE OF THE COUNTRY.

Subſcriptions in the parish of Golspy, county of Sutherland

Mrs M'Leod	L.0	10	0	Wm. Grant	L.0 2 6
James Murray, ſervant		2	0	Jo. Gun.	2 6
Donl. M'Kay, do.		1	0	Alex. Grant	3 0
Aberdarroch.				Geo. M'Kay, piper	5 0
Jo. Sutherland		3	0	*Golspy.*	
Hugh Innes, ſen.		2	0	Jo. Ross, Andrew's ſon	2 0
Marg. Innes		2	0	Grizel and Anne M'Glashans	5 0
Rob. M'Donald		2	6	*Kirktown.*	
Jo. Campbell		2	0	Rob. Murray, tailor	1 6
Ja. M'Leod		2	0	Jo. Murray, ſervant	1 6
Cha. Sutherland		2	0	Jo. Munro, do.	1 6
East Aberarach.				Ja. Gordon, do.	1 0
Don. M'Kay		1	6	*Dunrobin.*	
Alex. M'Kay		1	6	Mr John Bookleſs	L.1 1 0
Alex. M'Kenzie		1	6	Alex. Ogg	5 0
Jo. Sutherland		2	6	Tho. M'Kenzie	5 0
Jo. Grant		2	0	Jo. Bannerman	5 0
Hugh Innes, ſhoemaker		1	6	*Craigton.*	
Craigton.				William Sutherland, Clashmore	5 0
Ja. Ross		5	0	Jo. M'Pherſon, do.	5 0
Wm. Sutherland		2	0	Wm. Gaw	5 0
Geo. Grant		2	6	Tho. Dempster	5 0
Ballblair.				Don. Munro	5 0
Jo. M'Pherſon		2	6	Wm. M'Comash	5 0
Dav. Bannerman		2	6	Martin M'Comash	5 0
Wm. Gunn		2	6	Jo. Sutherland, diker	5 0
Kirkton.				Donald Munro, labourer	5 0
Wm. Gunn, cooper		3	0	William M'Pherſon, Baccies	5 0
Rob. Murray		3	0	Wm. Ross, Doll	5 0
Widow Murray		3	0	Dav. Ross	5 0
Alex. Gun		5	0	Wm. Miller	5 0
C. Sutherland Roy		1	0	Don. Ross, ſervant	5 0
A. Murray, penſioner		3	0	*Calsaity.*	
Calsaity.				Roderick Cameron, carpenter	5 0
Adam Baillie		2	0	Wm. M'Kay, ſmith	5 0
Widow Mackay		1	6	Geo. Don, ſervant	5 0
Jo. Mackay		2	6	Wm. Donn, do.	5 0
Jo. Baillie		1	6	Don. Cadiach	5 0
Hugh Innes		2	6	Wm. Munro	5 0
Jo. Matheſon		2	6	Ken. M'Kay, do.	5 0
Colin M'Pherſon		3	0	Alex. Watſon	2 6
Hugh M'Leod		2	6	Wm. Sutherland, herd	5 0
J. M'Leod, penſioner		5	0	William Sutherland, ſervant	5 0
Rhiow.				Alex. Baxter	2 6
Alex. M'Donald		5	0	Alex. Sutherland, ſervant, a boy	2 6
Ja. Gard		5	0	Ja. Grant, do.	2 6
O. Rhiow.				Thomas M'Beath, ſervant	2 6
Ja. Gordon		4	0	William Gow, ſervant a boy	2 6
G. Sutherland, ſervant		1	6	Alex. Gow, do.	2 6
Ja. Ross, do.		1	0	Elizabeth Cromby, a ſervant	5 0
Strathbland.				Ja. Grant, labourer	2 6
Jo. M'Leod		2	6	Wm. Munro, do.	5 0
J. Murray, jun.		2	0	Don. Cuthbert	5 0
J. Murray, ſen.		2	0	*Sallachtown.*	
J. Murray, merchant		2	0	Alex. M'Kay, Highland herd	2 6
G. M'Donald		1	6	Jo. Sutherland, ſawer	2 6
Wm. M'Kay		1	6	Jo. M'Grigor	2 6
J. Sutherland		1	0	Geo. Mill	2 6
Don. Ross		1	0	Wm. Leslie	2 6
Don. Gunn		2	0	Anne M'Leod	2 6
Sallachtown.				Chriſtian Donn	1 6
Ja. Grant		2	6	Isobel M'Kay	1 6
Hugh Gunn		5	0	Alex. M'Beath, kind	5 0
Rob. M'Pherſon		2	6	Geo. Leslie	2 6
Alex. M'Pherſon		2	6	Robert M'Grigor, gardener	2 0
John Sutherland, ſhoemaker		1	6	Wm. Robertſon, do.	2 0
Ballens.				Geo. M'Leod	2 0
Geo. Grant		5	0	Jo. Urquhart	2 0
Jo. Grant		5	0	Mr William Hutton, gardener	10 6
Martin Innes		2	6	*Uppat.*	
J. Grant, jun.		5	0	Ja. M'Kay, Bain	5 0
Rob. Ross		1	0	Hector M'Craw	5 0
Hector M'Kenzie		1	6	Jo. M'Craw	2 6
D. Campbell		2	0	Adam Ross, Bui	2 0
Dranay.				Hector Sutherland	2 6
Dug. Watſon		5	0	Hugh Ross	2 6
Anne Sutherland		1	0	A. Sutherland, Roy	2 6
William M'Pherſon in Rhives		2	0	Geo. Murray, cooper	2 6
Gol-more.				Widow M'Pherſon	2 6
Wm. M'Pherſon		2	6	Wm. M'Kenzie	2 6
J. Cuthbert		2	6	Don. Fletcher	2 6
Martin M'Leod		5	0	Dav. Ross	5 0
Golspy.				Geo. Young grieve	10 0
Hugh Monro		2	6	Alex Ross	5 0
W. Sutherland, cooper		2	0	Wm. Ross	5 0
J. Thompſon, maſon		5	0	Alex. M'Kenzie	5 0
Mrs Edie		5	0	Hugh Munro	5 0
A. M'Kay, mercht	L. 1	1	0	Murdow Ross	2 6
W. M'Leod, farmer		10	6	Nelly Reid	2 6
Adam Miller, do.		2	0	Mary Munro	2 6
Jo. Tarral		3	6	Ann Munro	2 6
Jo. M'Pherſon		5	0	Catherine Ross	2 6
The Rev. Mr William Keith	L. 2	2	0	Chriſtian Bruce	5 0
Jo. M'Gillivray, ſchoolmaſter		5	0	Capt. Geo. Sutherland of Uppat	L. 5 5
A. Gordon, ſervant		2	6	Mrs Capt. Sutherland of do.	1 1
Mr William Roſe, innkeeper		5	0	Mrs Cameron	5
Mrs Munro, ſen.		2	6	Jo. M'Pherſon, Bui	
Mrs M'Kay		5	0	J. M'Kay, labourer	
D. Grant, weaver		5	0	Wm. Sutherland, ſen.	
Milltown.				D. Ross, merchant	
A. M'Kay, miller		2	6	D. Sutherland, do.	
J. M'Kenzie, ſhoemaker		2	0		
Glen.					
Jo. Grant		2	0		
Don. M'Kay		2	0		
Hugh Grant		3	0		
Alex. Sutherland		2	6		
Rob. Murray		2	6		

L. 49

INTERESTING COMMUNICATIONS

TO PERSONS SUBJECT TO

FITS, PAINS IN THE STOMACH, &c.

THE Patentee of CHING's WORM-DESTROYING LOZENGES has the satisfaction to recommend this celebrated Medicine to the general use of the afflicted with Internal Complaints, under the auspices and patronage of many of the first Personages in England.

The Lord Chief Baron, the Right Honourable Sir ARCHIBALD MACDONALD, has honoured the Proprietor with three letters on the subject, from whence the following is extracted, as the most striking proofs of his Lordship's decided approbation.

SIR, *To* Mr CHING, *Apothecary, Cheapside.*

I do you the justice of acquainting you, that my son has derived very material benefit from your Worm Medicine. He was seized about a year and a half ago with Fits, which were deemed to be nervous, and were attended with very alarming symptoms of that nature; his complaints were treated as such for two or three months, when the real cause appeared to be Worms. He had continued for a considerable time taking medicine proper for that disorder, from a physician of great skill, my own personal friend, but there was little or no abatement of the nervous symptoms. By accident I met with your advertisement, and, with the approbation of my physician, I gave your medicine to my son: the consequence was, that he was relieved from a load which cannot with propriety be described, but which appeared to be the nest of these pernicious animals. From that time he has been in perfect health, and has had no return of those symptoms which had been so formidable. Encouraged by this, I have recommended your Medicine to my friends, particularly a family with whom I am nearly connected, where it has also done very great service. When we happen to meet, I shall acquaint you with more instances than I have yet done, in which your Medicine has been attended with perfect success, especially among children.

I am, Sir, your very obliged,

AR. MACDONALD.

As a further proof of the safety and efficacy of this incomparable Worm Medicine, the following is a recommendation from two of the first characters in that neighbourhood where the Patentee lived, previous to his residing in London:

We, two of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the county of Cornwall, having received the most satisfactory testimonies of these facts (alluding to a great number of remarkable cures) think it our duty, for the benefit of mankind, to recommend Mr CHING's Worm Lozenges as a Medicine deserving public notice.

FRANCIS RODD.
JOHN ELIOT.

The excellence of these Lozenges is confirmed by their happy effects when administered to men, women, or children, scarcely a single case having occurred in which their success has not amply established their reputation on that firm and permanent basis, THE PUBLIC OPINION.

The mildness of operation and facility of cure, together with the pleasant flavour and agreeable appearance which these Lozenges possess, give them an obvious superiority over every other worm medicine that has hitherto been offered to the Public.

Sold, by appointment of the Patentee, in packets, at 6d. and 1s.; and in double boxes at 3s. 6d. duty included.

BY *R. SCOTT*, APOTHECARY,
South Bridge Street, Edinburgh,

Also by Messs. R. Walker, druggist, Falkirk; Thomas Nimmo, druggist, Greenock; Philip Whiteside, Ayr; William Dick, and Isabella Syme, Dundee; James Alexander, Dunfermline; Patrick Craigie, Montrose; James Macready, Kirkcaly; Mrs And. Lumsden, and Mr John Peters, Arbroath; Mr G. Browning, Paisley; Messs. Morrison and Son, Perth; Mr Thomas Scott, Kelso; and Mr Dickson, druggist, Dumfries.

Extraordinary proofs of the superior efficacy of Spilsbury's Antiscorbutic Drops, displayed in the following cures:

MR GORE, bookseller, Liverpool, favoured the proprietor with the case of a lady cured of the leprosy in that neighbourhood.

Also two remarkable cases of the scurvy and rheumatism, sent to the proprietor by Mr Carey, bookseller, of Hepton Mallet, Somersetshire.

The memorable and extraordinary case of John Palmer near fifty years of age, who had been afflicted twelve years, with near fifty ulcers, and deemed incurable by the faculty cured by Mr Spilsbury's Drops.

The case of Henrietta Paterson, cured of an inveterate scurvy, of ten years standing, by Mr Spilsbury's Drops. Attested by John Carstairs, and George Wright, surgeons, Edinburgh; Thomas Matthew, Robert Walker, College-Kirk, Edinburgh.

A child of three years old, who had been subject to irritating eruptions and blotches over different parts of his body, from his birth, is now cured by taking a few of Mr Spilsbury's 5s. bottles of Drops. Further particulars, with a reference to the party in the neighbourhood of Bristol, may be known by applying to William Browne, bookseller, Tolzey, Bristol.

Mr Thomas Wilson, No. 15. King's Street, St James's Square, London, cured of an inflammation on his face and body, attended with eruptions, by eight small bottles of these Drops.

George Ison, apprentice to Mr T. Webster, Barton-in-the-Beans, Leicestershire, who laboured for two years under a very alarming disorder, which operated like the rheumatism, bordering on the palsy, was cured by taking only three 5s. bottles.

George Allen, broad-weaver, of Limley-Stoke, Wilts, and distributor of Cruttwell's Bath Chronicle, cured of the Evil by these drops.

The Drops are sold at the Dispensary in Soho Square—and
Mr SCOTT, Apothecary, and } South Bridge,
Mr J. BAXTER, Italian Warehouse, } Edinburgh,
Mr KELTIE, Perfumer, New Town Edinburgh.

Are appointed Wholesale Agents, where the inhabitants of Scotland, and the Venders of patent medicines may be supplied on the same terms as at the Dispensary, Soho Square.

These DROPS may also be had in bottles of 1l. 2s. and 5s. each, duty included, of

Mr John Buchanan, jun. Sun Fire Office, Glasgow.	
J. Mennons and J. Duncan, Glasgow	Messs. Morison & Son, Perth
A. Barry, Paisley	Mr Thomson, Aberdeen
Maclelan, Greenock	Mr Dickson, druggist, and
M'Intosh, Inglis & Wilson, Inverness	Mr Inglis, Dumfries
Tho. Cave, Banff	Walker & Hodson, Newcastle
John Allan, Dundee	Mr Jollie, Carlisle
Mr Scott, surgeon, Kelso	Mr James Paton, and
Mr Dick, Surgeon, Dundee	Mr P. Craigie, Montrose
Mr Anderson, Stirling	Mr Dempster, Cupar Fife
	Mr Millar, druggist, Perth
	Mr Gray, mercht. Hawick

To the CREDITORS *of*

The deceased Mr ANDREW BLACKBURN, Merchant in Glasgow.

IN the Process of Multiple-poinding, presently depending, for dividing the funds recovered under the sequestration of the said Mr Andrew Blackburn's estate, Lord Meadowbank, Ordinary to said process, has again ordained such creditors as have not produced their interests, to lodge the same in the clerk's hands, with oaths of verity thereon, betwixt and the box-day in the ensuing Christmas recess, with certification that if they fail, they will be cut out of any share of the funds to be divided.

The creditors after mentioned sent their claims to Alexander Duncan, writer to the signet, agent in the sequestration, some years ago, and interests have been produced for them in said process of Multiplepoinding, by him—However, as he is ignorant of the designations of these creditors, he requests they, or the representatives of such of them as are dead, will furnish him with their address; and what sums they may have received in part payment of their debts out of the estates of other obligants, so as oaths of verity may be prepared in terms of the Lord Ordinary's interlocutors.

1.—B. and J. Currie, daughters of the deceased Mr John Currie, Minister of the Gospel at East Monkland.
2.—Trades House of Glasgow.
3.—Mrs Jean Law or Dick, relict of Professor Robert Dick of the University of Glasgow.
4.—Robert Colt, Esq. of Gartuck.
5.—The Trustees of Miss Margaret Blackstock, daughter of John Blackstock, Esq. of the Excise Office, Glasgow.
6.—Incorporation of Masons, Glasgow.
7.—William Woodrop, portioner of Dalmarnoch.
8.—H. and M. Purdie, daughters of the deceased Mr James Purdie, Rector of the Grammar School of Glasgow.
9.—Mrs Jean Finlayson *alias* Porterfield of Boghall
10.—Mrs Christian Hamilton, relict of Andrew Hamilton, Collector of Stamp Duties in Glasgow.
11.—Janet M'Kechnie, spouse of Robert Young, weavet in Paisley, as disponee of Thomas Caldwall, weaver in Paisley.

BERWICKSHIRE.—PARISH OF ECCLES.

To LET, at Candlemas 1799,

THE FARM of EASTER MAINS, at present in the possession of William Lochie, consists of 205 English acres—and for the encouragement of offerers, the Proprietor will add 38 English acres of rich infield Land, highly manured with lime, dung, and compost.

Nearly the fifth part of the present farm has been fallowed, limed, and dunged, and, the crop of this year has produced very great returns.

Enquiries to be made of Mr James Veitch of Mersington, Mr Adam Watson, writer in Dunse, or the Proprietor at Bessborough.

SALE OF LANDS AND SUPERIORITIES,

IN THE

COUNTY OF LINLITHGOW AND LANARK.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 26th day of December curt. at twelve o'clock noon,

LOT I.—THE LANDS and ESTATE of EASTER BREICH, with the Teinds and Pertinents, lying in the parish of Livingstone, and county of Linlithgow.—These lands are all inclosed, and subdivided with clumps and belts of planting. They consist of about 841 Scots acres, whereof about 20 are under planting, and not rentaled. The present rent is about 314l. 15s. Sterling. The stipend payable to the minister of Livingstone is only 5l. 1s. 3d. Sterling, which exhausts the teinds. The tacks of the greatest part of the lands are near expiring, and, except one farm, they hold blench of the Crown, and afford a freehold qualification.

LOT II.—The LANDS and ESTATE of WHITBURN, with the Town, Inn, Mill, Mill Lands, Teinds and Pertinents; together with certain SUPERIORITIES, which, together with the Property Lands, afford a freehold qualification, all lying in the parish of Whitburn, and county of Linlithgow.—These lands are also all inclosed and subdivided, and amount to about 531 Scots acres, of which about 10½ are under planting, and not rentaled. The present rent and feu-duties are about 339l. 2s. 4d. Sterling; the stipend is only 4l. 19s. 7d. Sterling, and the tenants pay their cess over and above their rents. Except one farm, the tack of which expires in 1809, and a small pendicle let to the minister during his incumbency, all the other tacks of these lands are either expired, or very near it.

** If Lot II. is not sold together, it will be exposed in the three following Sub-Lots—viz.*

WHITBURN IN THREE LOTS.

Lot 1*st*,—These Parts thereof lying on the west side of the Drove Loan, together with a small Pendicle of Kirk Houses, lying on the east thereof, amounting to about 151 acres, and 117l. 7s. 4d. Sterling of yearly rent.

Lot 2*d*,—The Inn and old Inn Farm, together with that Enclosure of the Mill Lands, lying upon the east side of the said Drove Loan, amounting to about 68 acres, and to 81l. Sterling of yearly rent;—and,

Lot 3*d*,—The whole remainder of the said Estate, called the lands of Whitedealheads, Blaeberryhill, and Easter Whitburn, as possessed by William Wedderstone and Peter Morton, with the plantations thereon, amounting to about 312 acres, and to 140l. 15s. Sterling of yearly rent.

These three Sub-lots will be sold, to be held feu of the the Disponer; or in case purchasers shall incline, they will be sold to hold of the Crown; and as much Superiority Lands will be added, as, together with their own proportion of valuation, will give a freehold qualification in the county of Linlithgow to each.

At same time will be exposed, to Sale,

Two FREEHOLD QUALIFICATIONS, lying in the county of Lanark.

Mr John M'Kellar, at Mid Calder, or the tenants, will shew the lands; and for other particulars application may be made to James Gray, writer, Bucceugh Place, Edinburgh, who has powers to conclude a private bargain.

LANDS FOR SALE.

Day of Sale altered.

To be SOLD by public roup, if not previously disposed of by private bargain, within the house of William Gordon, vintner in Aberdeen, on Friday the 21st December curt. at six o'clock afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of COBAIRDIE, comprehending the Mains and Manor Place of Cobairdie, Mill of Cobairdie, Mill Lands, Multures, and Sequels thereof, the Towns and Lands of Hillockhead, Boghead, Broomfold, Watts, and Cairntown, with the Crofts of the same; as also, the Towns and Lands of Yondertown, Hallhill, Lochside, Peatfold, Blackstack, and White Glacks, with the Crofts thereof; together with the multures, teinds, pasturage, and vicarage, mosses, fishings, liberty of pasturage on the Forman-hill, and hail other parts, privileges, and oertinents of the foresaid lands, and others, all lying within the barony of Frendraught, parish of Forgue, and county of Aberdeen.

This estate holds of the Crown, and affords a freehold qualification. The free rent of it, after deduction of the Minister's stipend, (cess and all other public burdens, being payable by the tenants) converting the meal, bear, customs, and services, at very moderate rates, is about 140l. Sterling.

These lands are an excellent strong soil, and lie in a most pleasant and fertile country, within two miles of lime, two miles of the town of Huntly, where there is a Post-office, and a weekly market, and twelve or fourteen miles of Banff and Portsoy, both sea port towns, and the like distance from a number of fishing towns, from whence fish are daily brought.

There is upon the premisses a substantial manson-house, and suitable offices, beautifully situate on a gentle declivity to the south. A very capital and valuable farm surrounds the house, all inclosed with dykes and belts of planting, which was for many years in the natural possession of the proprietor, and is at present in a very high state of cultivation.

The kirk, manse, and offices, were lately completely repaired, and the Minister's stipend was also lately augmented.

There are but few leases on the estate, and those of short duration; the Mains and Mill particularly, are not under lease.

Upon the estate there are several large thriving plantations of wood of different ages. The surrounding country abounds with game, and the Deveron, the best river in Scotland for trout, is in the immediate vicinity, so that in every point of view, whether for agricultural purposes, situation, or pleasure, this is one of the most desirable properties in Aberdeenshire.

The title deeds, a plan and rentals of the estate may be seen in the hands of Francis Gordon and Andrew Jopp, Advocates in Aberdeen, to either of whom the proprietor at Park, or Lachlan Duff, Esq. writer to the signet, Edinburgh, application may be made for further particulars; and John Watson, at Cobairdie, will show the lands.

SALE OF A FARM IN THE COUNTY OF ANGUS

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 19th day of December 1798, between the hours of two and three in the afternoon,

THE LANDS of LEDCRIEFF, in the parish of Lundie, consisting of about 175 acres of arable and improveable ground, 25½ acres of planting, of which three are hard wood, 3½ acres of pasture, and 132½ of dry improveable muir, in all 336½ acres, or thereby, and presently possessed by Mr James Smith, whose lease expires at Martinmas next, but who has been allowed to continue in possession for another year, under particular restrictions, and at the rent of 200l. Sterling. These lands lie abont three miles from Cupar of Angus, 13 from Perth, and 12 from Dundee, on the turnpike road from Cupar to Dundee, where lime is easily procured; and they are not above five miles from marle pits.

The farm slopes to the south and south-west, so gently as to be worked with an ordinary strength, and is capable of being cultivated to great advantage, by the improved mode of husbandry with drill crops, as also of being water-fatted in three several places; and it is already nearly inclosed with dry stone dykes.

The extent, situation, and capability of improvement render this an extremely eligible purchase for any person wishing to reside upon and farm the property. And, in the event of its being let for a term of years, a considerable rise of rent may undoubtedly be expected.

A sketch of this farm may be seen in the hands of Mr Charles Hay of Beachhill, writer in Cupar of Angus, or Mr William Watson at Auchtertyre. And the tenant will show the grounds and marches.

For further particulars, application may be made to Hugh Bremner, accomptant, Ramsay Garden, Edinburgh, who will receive private offers before the day of sale.

LANDS OF GRANGE.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 19th of December 1798, at two o'clock P. M.

THE LANDS of GRANGE, lying in the parish of Carriden, and county of Linlithgow.

This Estate is pleasantly situated on the banks of the Forth, having an extensive view of the Frith and opposite coast, within a mile of Borrowstounness.

There are two good lodgeable houses upon the property. The estate holds of the Crown, & affords two freehold qualifications. As the lands are at present possessed under old leases, all of which expire in three years, the rent will nearly triple upon a new set.

Also, the COAL and SALT WORKS, with the Seams of COAL and IRON-STONE within said estate, together with the VILLAGE of GRANGE. This is one of the best situations in the Frith of Forth for the Coal and Salt Trade. There are five Salt Pans in good repair, and there is a very extensive field of Coal, of superior quality. There are also some very rich Iron Mines on the property, which are under lease for three years to the Carron Company, for payment of a royalty.

This property will be sold, either the whole in one lot, or in two lots; the first being the Lands, and the second the Minerals and Works.

John Stark, at Grange, will shew the lands, coal, and salt works, and ironstone mines; and for farther particulars apply to John Buchan, Esq. W. S. or Robert Cathcart, W. S. Hill street, Edinburgh, in whose hands are the title-deeds, articles of sale, and a plan of the estate.

LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF DUMFRIES.

There will be exposed to SALE, in the course of next Spring or Summer, the following Estates:

I.—THE LORDSHIP of NEWBIE, with the Patronage of the Parish of Annan, and the very valuable FISHINGS on the Solway Frith, and in the River of Annan.—The soil of this estate is of excellent quality, and its situation is delightful. It is bounded on one side for about two miles by the Solway Frith, and on another side for about three miles by the River Annan, which is navigable for a considerable way, and falls into the Frith within the limits of the estate. The great road from Dumfries to London passes through the lands, and they extend within a few yards of the west end of the Royal Burgh of Annan.

II.—The TEN POUND LAND of ANNAN, lying around the Town of Annan on the south, west, and north parts, and consisting of about 78 Scot acress of very fine ground, a considerable part of which might be feued out to great advantage.

III.—The LANDS and ESTATE of STAPLETOUN, consisting of above 800 Scots acres, lying in the parish of Dornock, and within a few miles of the town of Annan.

IV.—The LANDS of BROOMHILL, situated in the parish of Lochmaben, and in the immediate vicinity of the Town of Lochmaben.—These lands consist of above 260 Scots acres, all lying contiguous. They are bounded for a considerable way on the south by the Broomhill or Halleaths Loch, and on the north and east by the Water of Kindle and River of Annan, which join at the north-east corner of the lands.

These estates are, in general, extremely low rented, and are worth the attention of every one intending to purchase land in the south of Scotland.

The time and place of sale, and other particulars, will be afterwards advertised;—meanwhile, persons desirous of further information, may apply to Mr Keith, accountant in Edinburgh, Mr Craufurd Tait, writer to the signet, or Mr William Stewart at Hillside, near Lockerbie.

JUDICIAL SALE OF LANDS

IN THE COUNTY OF STIRLING.

To be SOLD, by authority of the Court of Session, within the Parliament of New Session House of Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 19th day of December curt. between the hours of five and seven afternoon,

THE ESTATE of MUIRAVONSIDE, which comprehends the Lands of BOWHOUSES, and part of the Lands of COMPSTON, situated within the parish of Muiravonside.—The lands are capable of great improvement; and there is a seam of excellent coal, which, at a trifling expence, may be wrought to very great advantage. The estate affords two freehold qualifications, and lies at the distance of two or three miles from Linlithgow. The mansion-house, with the orchard, and planting (which is extensive, and in a very thriving state) is pleasantly situated on the banks of the water of Avon, and justly reckoned one of the most romantic beautiful situations in Scotland. The farms are mostly out of lease. The lands lie contiguous, and there is a quantity of growing wood now fit for use, which may be sold at a considerable price.

From the *Memorial* and *Abstract* it appears the estate is divided into the following Parcels:

I.—The LANDS and BARONY of MUIRAVONSIDE comprehending the Mansion-house and Mill of Muiravonside; the free rent of which at present is 277l. 8s. 6d. 2-12ths; but as the lands are mostly out of lease, it was therefore thought proper to prove what rent they would bring upon a nineteen years lease; and it appears, from the testimony of two witnesses, who have known the estate for many years, that the lands comprehended in this parcel, upon a Nineteen years lease, might yeild 256l. 18s. 6d. 8-12ths Sterling, the upset price of which, as affording a freehold qualification, is 7450l. 18s. 1d. 4-12ths. The lands are held blench of the Crown, and the proprietor has right to the teinds.

II.—The LANDS of WESTER and MIDDLE BOWHOUSES, &c. The proven free rent of these lands, which are out of lease, is 32l. 12s. 8d. but upon a nineteen years lease, they might bring 45l. Sterling. It does not appear that the proprietor has right to the teinds, so that a 5th part of the rent will fall to be deducted on that account; and the upset price, after such deduction, is 1044l. Sterling. The lands are held blench of a subject superior.

III.—The LANDS of CAMPSTON. The present rent is 115 l. 10s. but on a nineteen years lease, they would be worth 91 l. 3s. 6d. Sterling.—These lands are held feu of asubject superior for payment of 10s. Sterling yearly. The proprietor has right to the teinds of part of the lands;—it does not appear he has to those of the farms of Newhouse, Easter and Wester Draffins; but the teinds of these farms are valued, as instructed by a decreet of valuation in 1772.—The upset price of this parcel is 2644 l. 1 s. 6 d. Sterling.—The reason of the present rent of this parcel being higher than what would be got if the lands were on a 19 years lease is, that they were let formerly for pasture, but lately for tillage.

IV.—SUPERIORITIES and FEU-DUTIES of the Lands of REDFORD, and Part of CANDIEHEAD. The annual value of these Feu-duties is 2 l. 2 s. 2 d. 4-12ths Sterling. They are classed with the above lands, in order to make up a Freehold Qualification, and the upset price is 52 l. 14 s. 10 d. 4-12ths Sterling.

V.—WOOD growing upon the Lands of MURRAVONSIDE, BOWHOUSES, and COMPSTON.—The value of the wood under sale, is proved to be 1027 l. 11 s. 6 d. Sterling.

VI.—The COAL in the Lands of BOWHOUSES.—The Coal is not wrought at present owing to the level being choaked up, but which might be set agoing at little expence; and it is proved, that after deducting that expence, this Coal when upon a 19 years lease, might bring 400 l. Sterling, which is therefore fixed on as the upset price of this lot.

VII.—SUPERIORITIES and FEU-DUTIES of COXHILL. These Superiorities are classed separately, as they make a Freehold Qualification. The Feu-duties payable out of these lands are 5 l. 13 s. 4 d. 5-12ths Sterling yearly, and the upset price, as affording a Freehold Qualification is 341 l. 14 s. 2d. 5-12ths Sterling. The composition for an entry of Singular Successors is not taxed.

The articles of roup, and a plan of the estate, with copies of the Memorial and Abstract, will be seen in the office of Mr Jeffery, Depute-Clerk of Session, and in the hands of Mr Keay, accountant, or Hector Macdonald Buchanan, writer to the signet, to whom intending purchasers may apply for further information.

Alex Meason, gardener at Linlithgow, willshew the estate.

N. B. Since the Sale was advertised, an application has been made to the Court of Session for authority to sell the estate in lots; in consequence of which the estate will be sold in two lots. The first, composing the six first parcels, and the second, the seventh parcel, being the Superiorities and and feu-duties of Coxhill, &c. so that any intending purchaser has thus an opportunity of purchasing a freehold qualification, besides the feu-duties, at an easy rate, while at the same time the purchaser of the first lot will have right to a vote.

AT LEITH—FOR LIVERPOOL,

THE LEITH & LIVERPOOL PACKET,

—— YOUNG Master,

A Constant Trader,

Will be ready to take in goods by the 14th curt. and sail the 24th.

For freight apply to Begbie and Mylne, merchants, Timber Bush, Leith. LEITH, Dec. 6. 1798.

To be SOLD by Public Roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 23d day of January 1799, at 2 o'clock afternoon,

ALL and Whole the CROFT of LAND, sometime called the WEST CROFT, now called the HOUFFE, lying within the territory of the burgh of Stirling, and near the shore thereof, with the houses built thereon.

These Subjects, if not sold together, will be exposed in the following Lots:

LOT I. That commodious and handsome Dwelling House, presently possessed by Mr Campbell of Sonnachan's Lady and family, with the ground belonging to it, cellars, and other conveniencies.

LOT II. That convenient Dwelling House, presently possessed by Captain Tovey's Lady and family, with the ground belonging to it.

LOT III. The Dwelling House, possessed by Miss Watson, with the coach-house, stable, and lofts in front of it—as also the kitchen garden and ground belonging to it, leaving a free space of six feet broad, on the west boundary for a road to the orchard.

LOT IV. The said Orchard, which is extensive and well stocked with fruit trees of a proper age, and of the best kinds.

For further particulars, application may be made to Mr John Burn, writer in Stirling;——or John Macnab, writer to the signet.

SALE OF PROPERTY NEAR EDINBURGH.

To be SOLD, by private bargain,

THE PROPERTY at DALRY, which belonged to the late Mr John Mawer, Nurseryman, including a large and substantial Dwelling-house, with commodious Offices, Hothouses of great extent, a capital Green-house, and 6½ Acres of Land laid out as Nursery Ground.

As the late Mr Mawer, (whose professional abilities, and taste for laying out ground are well known,) spared no pains or expence in the improvement of this property, and in adapting it to the purposes of his profession, hardly any subject of the same extent can appear in the market more deserving the attention of a private Gentleman, who wishes for an agreeable place of residence, or of a Gardener or Nurseryman, who is desirous of carrying on business upon an extensive scale.

The Hot-houses, Green-house, and Nursery, are well stocked. The Dwelling-house, which consists of three flats or storeys, besides garrets, may easily be divided, so as to afford summer quarters for several families; and the whole are of easy access being within half an hour's walk from Edinburgh, either through Fountainbridge or by Whitehouse Toll.

The premises may be entered to at Candlemas next, or at any other term which may be agreed upon; and the same will be shown by John Brown the overseer upon the spot.

Proposals may be made to Mr Daniel Stewart, Windmill Street, Edinburgh; or to Charles Bremner, writer to the signet, who will show the title-deeds, and explain further particulars.

N. B. The business is still carried on by Mrs Mawer, who has on hand an excellent stock of Fruit and Forest Trees of all sizes; also Flowering Shrubs, Thorns, &c. together with a great variety of Green-house Plants, and likewise Pine Apple Plants from one to three years old, free from vermin.

Orders addressed to Mr John Brown at Dalry, near Edinburgh, will be carefully attended to.

SUBJECTS ON LEITH WALK FOR SALE.

To be SOLD by public roup, on Wednesday the 16th day of January 1799, in the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, between the hours of six and seven afternoon,

THE PROPERTY of the late ROBERT M'MILLAN, paper-stainer in Edinburgh, called MIDDLEFIELD, situated on the west side of Leith Walk, between the properties of Mr Fraser and Mr Richmond on the south and north. The ground consists of 2 roods 25 falls 30 ells; upon part of which Mr M'Millan built two Tenements and Offices; one tenement consisting of two storyes, the other of four, including the attic story, and which last is rented at 85l. The rest of the ground, all well inclosed, is occupied as a garden; but from situation and command of prospect, will admit of being very advantageously feued for building; in which two plans were made out by the late Mr Baxter, architect. The ground extends in front of Leith Walk about 222 feet. The whole pays a feu duty of 13l. 4s. 7d. and the entry of a singular successor is taxed. The property will be exposed at the reduced upset price of L.1050 Sterling.

For further particulars apply to John Granger, W. S. the trustee.

ARGYLESHIRE.

SALE OF THE ISLAND OF MONK.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 26th day of December curt. at two o'clock P. M.

THE Beautiful and Fertile ISLAND OF MONK, situated in the parish of Small Isles, and county of Argyle; though mentioned in a late general advertisement to contain from 1200 to 1500 acres, yet by the report of Mr James Donaldson, a professional man, who was lately employed to visit the island, for ascertaining the value, &c. is said, will, on a measurement, be found considerably above 1500 acres, all fine arable and pasture land, lying on limestone, surrounded by the best fishing banks on the west coast—has two good harbours—lying at equal distance between those of Tobermory and Canna, and from the main land about eight miles.

The opening of the Crinan Canal will raise the value of this property considerably, as thereby the conveying of fish, kelp, and other produce to market, will be rendered safe and expeditious.—The neighbouring Islands abound in Game.

This estate holds of a subject.—The teinds are valued and exhausted.

The rental, title-deeds, plan, and report before-mentioned, which contains very full information regarding the present state of the Island, and means of further improvement, tending to advance the value considerably, will be seen in the hands of Mr Keay, accountant, George Street, trustee on the estate, to whom, or Mr John Campbell, jun. W. S. Frederick Street, apply for further information.

HADDINGTONSHIRE GAME DUTY.

ADDITIONAL LIST of Game Certificates issued by the Sheriff Clerk of Haddington in the year 1798.

A

Alston, Captain David, in the East India Company's service, at Eastbarns

B

Baird, Sir James G. Baronet, of Saughtonhall
Binning, the Right Hon. Lord, at Tynninghame
Begbie, Mr George, at Queenstonbank
Begbie, Mr James, at Stenton

D

Dudgeon, Alexander, at Newmains
Dalrymple, John, Esq. residing at Rockville

G

Grant, William, Esq. of Congalton

H

Hadinton, the Right Hon. the Earl of
Hamilton, the Hon. Colonel Charles, at Tyninghame

K

Kerr, Mr Thomas, at Whitekirk

M

Maitland, Colonel Charles, at Maitlandfield

R

Rennie, George, at Fantafie

S

Sandilands, Peter, Esq. at Eastbarns
Somner, Richard, at Somnerfield
Suttie, Sir James, Baronet, of Balgone

W

Wilton, the Rev. William, at Haddington

Y

Yule, James, of Gibflees

ADDITIONAL LIST OF DEPUTATIONS TO GAMEKEEPERS.

By the Right Hon. the Earl of Hopetoun—to William Cockburn, at Peastonmill
By Alexander Houston, Esq. of Clerkington—to Edward Kerr, his servant
By James Hay, Esq. of Nunraw—to George Gibson, his servant
By the Right Hon. the Earl of Lauderdale—to George Pringle at Dunbar
By Gen. Fletcher of Salton—to Morton Brotherston, his servant

ALEX. FRASER.